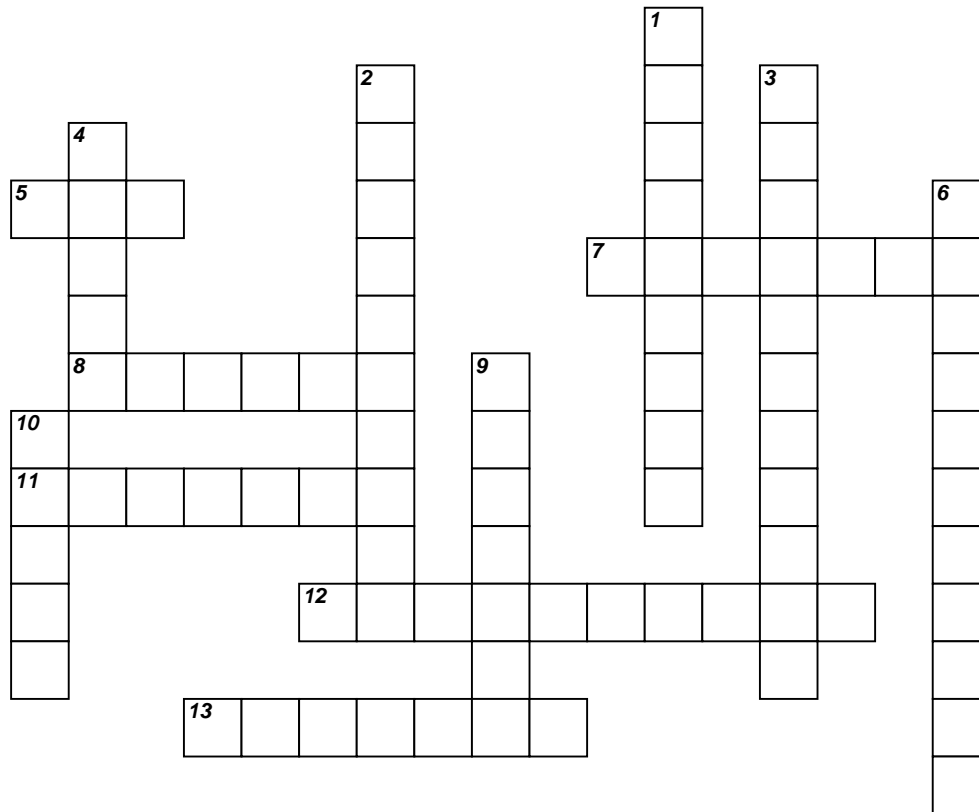


This Day in Canadian History
February 02



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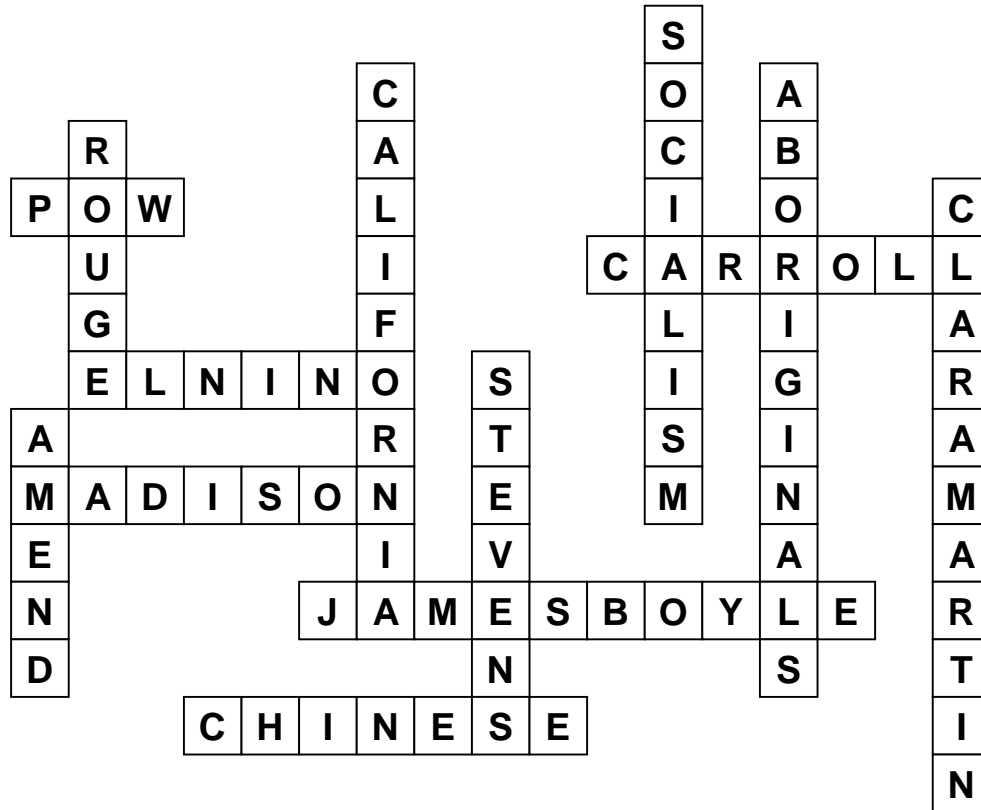
- 5 (3 words) Only 6,000 of the 91,000 German troops that surrendered at Stalingrad would survive these Russian camps.
- 7 He was acquitted of charges that he murdered James Donnelly and his family.
- 8 (2 words) It melted ice bridges across the Athabasca River that connected the northern Alberta towns of Fort Chipewyan and Fort McMurray.
- 11 This US president demanded that Britain stop harassing US ships.
- 12 (2 words) This Nova Scotian was the premier of the first responsible colonial government.
- 13 These CPR labourers were paid \$1 per day.

DOWN

- 1 The Catholic Archbishop of Regina declared that all forms of this were contrary to the Christian faith.
- 2 This was part of the land given the US in the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.
- 3 They were allowed to testify in court cases in Assiniboia.
- 4 Le Courier du Canada opposed the ideas of this political party.
- 6 (2 words) She was the first woman lawyer in the British Empire.
- 9 This MP charged that customs officials were accepting bribes.
- 10 The Senate passed a Bill that specified how to do this to the Constitution.

This Day in Canadian History
February 02

Solution:



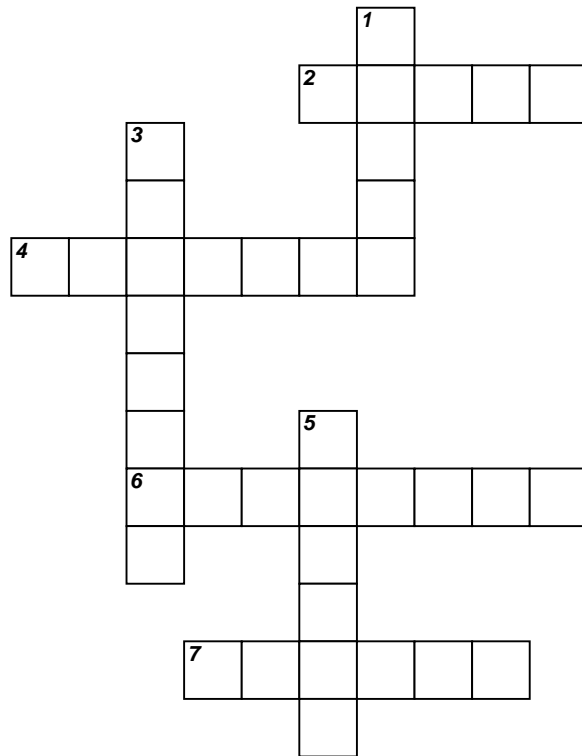
This Day in Canadian History

February 02nd

- 1811 US President Madison demanded that Britain cease harassing US ships.
- 1837 The Council of Assiniboia acted against traders who sold alcohol to Aborigines. It would now accept testimony from Aborigines in court cases. Additionally, it decided to pay half of the fines collected to witnesses.
- 1848 Nova Scotia elected a Liberal government. James Boyle was the premier and Joseph Howe was the provincial secretary. This was the first colonial responsible government.
- 1848 The US and Mexico signed the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. It gave the US undisputed control of Texas. It also transferred California, Nevada, Utah, and parts of Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, and Wyoming to the US. Mexico was given \$18,250,000 as compensation for its losses. Additionally, Mexicans living in the lands transferred to the US could become American citizens or return to Mexico.
- 1857 The daily newspaper Le Courier du Canada was first published. The paper's goal was to oppose the liberal political ideas of the Rouge party.
- 1881 James Carroll, the leader of the men who had killed James Donnelly and his family, was acquitted of murder charges. Charges against five other men implicated in the murders were dropped and the case was closed.
- 1881 The CPR began to import Chinese to work on the railway. Over 15,000 would enter Canada between 1881 and 1885 and at any given time 7000 would be working for the company. They were paid \$1 per day - about half of what a white worker was paid. More than 1500 would die in work related accidents.
- 1897 Clara Martin became the first woman lawyer in the British Empire. She had graduated first in her class at the University of Toronto in 1895 but the Law Society of Upper Canada had refused to admit her to the bar. It was only with the assistance of figures such as Lady Aberdeen, the Governor General's wife, and Ontario Premier Oliver Mowat that Ontario's legislature passed laws making women eligible to become lawyers.
- 1926 MP Henry Stevens speaking in the House of Commons charged that customs officials were accepting bribes. This resulted in the formation of a committee to investigate the matter.
- 1934 James McGuigan, the Catholic Archbishop of Regina, declared that all forms of socialism were contrary to the Christian faith.
- 1934 The House of Commons established a committee to investigate price fixing by large manufacturers.
- 1943 German forces in Stalingrad surrendered to the Russians. Only 91,000 of the 250,000 German troops originally trapped in the city were still alive. Of these, Only 6000 would survive the Russian POW camps and return home to Germany after the war.
- 1996 The Senate passed a Bill that required each region to approve any future amendment to the Constitution. The regions consisted of the four Maritime provinces, Quebec, Ontario, the three prairie provinces and BC.

1998 Warmer than normal weather caused by an El Nino melted the winter ice bridges across the Athabasca River connecting the northern Alberta town of Fort Chipewyan to Fort McMurray. Until the river refroze and the ice road was rebuilt the town of Fort Chipewyan was short of fuel and food supplies.

This Day in Canadian History
February 09



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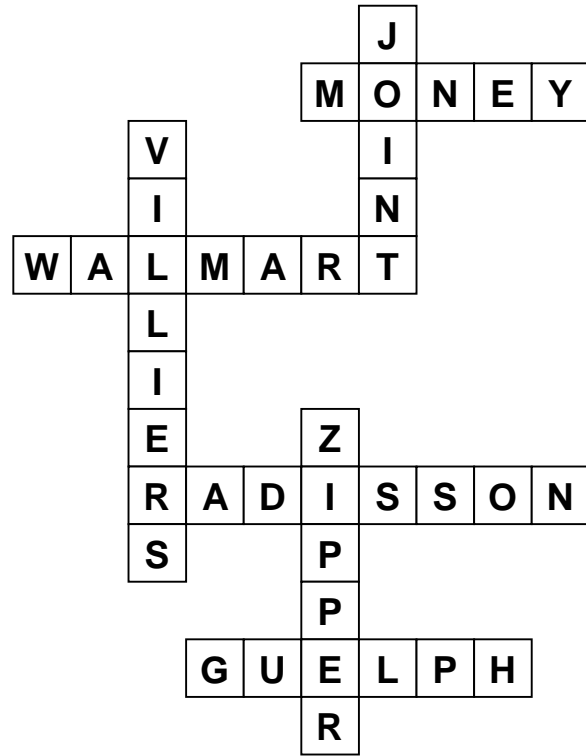
- 2 The CPR asked the federal government for more _____.
- 4 It announced plans to close one of its stores in Quebec after workers organized a union.
- 6 The CBC broadcast the first episode of a TV series about this coureurs de bois.
- 7 This Ontario community was the first to have a public library.

DOWN

- 1 The US Congress voted to end this type of occupancy of Oregon.
- 3 This French leader would eventually die of complications to a wound he sustained in the fighting at Minas.
- 5 The Lightning Fastener Company of St. Catherines, Ontario obtained a patent for this invention.

This Day in Canadian History
February 09

Solution:

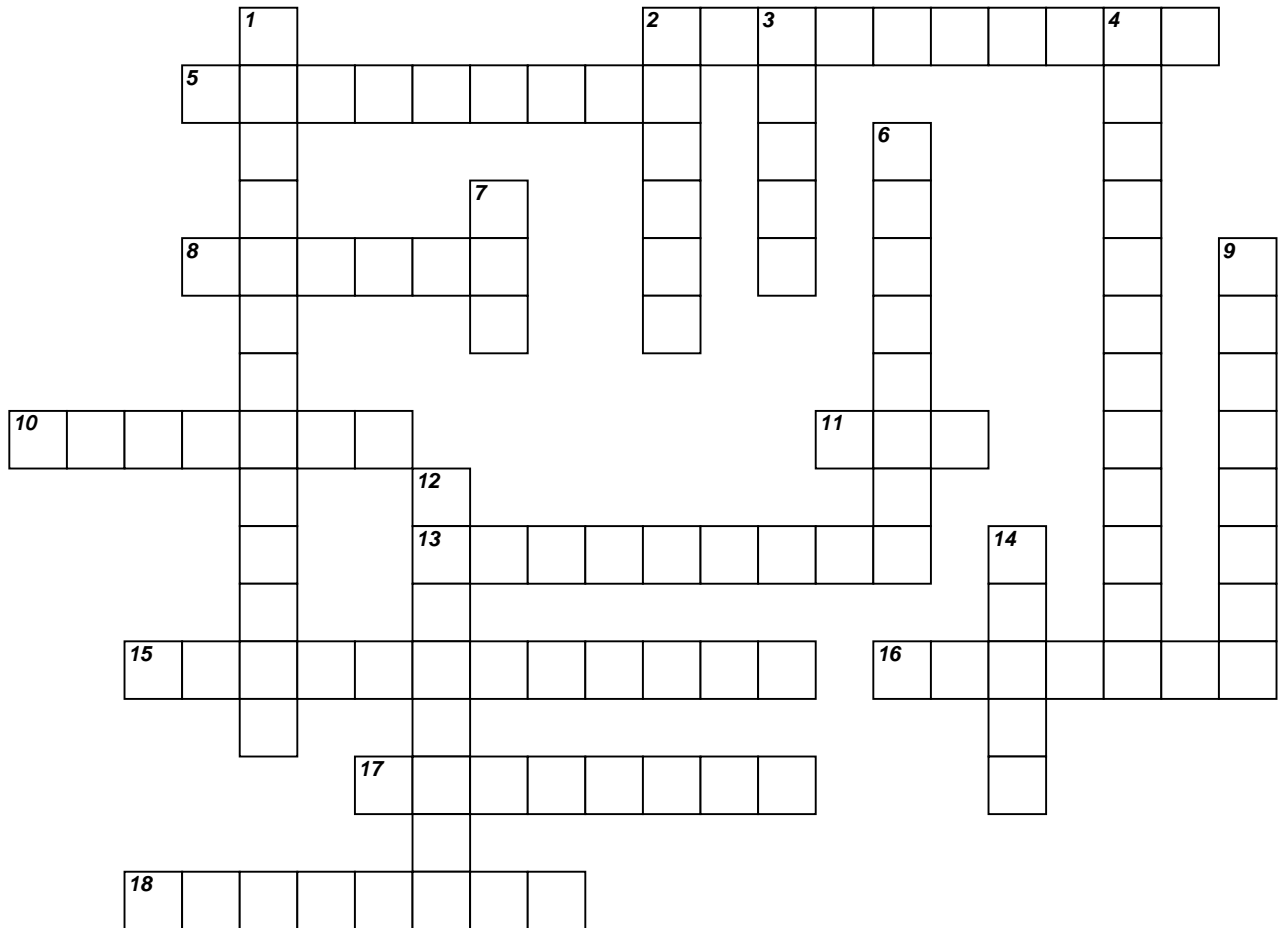


This Day in Canadian History

February 09th

- 1747 In the middle of a snowstorm and a couple of hours before dawn, Nicolas de Villiers attacked the English at Minas. Nobel and some of his men were taken by surprise and killed while still in bed. Villiers was shot in the arm. He would eventually die from complications from the wound that required his arm to be amputated three years later.
- 1846 The US Congress voted to end joint occupancy of Oregon with Britain.
- 1883 The first public library in Ontario opened in Guelph.
- 1885 CPR President George Brown wrote PM Macdonald advising him that the CPR needed still more funding. Brown and Donald Smith had already loaned the railway \$1,000,000 to keep it operating for 5 months.
- 1937 The Lightning Fastener Company of St. Catherines, Ontario obtained a patent for the "zipper".
- 1957 The CBC broadcast the first episode of its TV series "The Adventures of Pierre Radisson".
- 2005 Wal-Mart announced plans to close its store in Jonquiere, Quebec after workers organized a union.

This Day in Canadian History
February 16



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- 2 Yonge Street opened up land for _____.
- 5 John Franklin left England to explore this river's delta.
- 8 Canada committed another 1200 soldiers to support UN peacekeeping operations in this area.
- 10 The punishment for stealing 25¢ in Saint John, New Brunswick.
- 11 The initials of the Tory who challenged William Blake to a duel over the Rebellion Losses Bill.
- 13 This delegate to the London discussions about Confederation took time off to get married.
- 15 PM Trudeau admitted that he might have used these two "bad words" in the House of Commons.
- 16 James Douglas started construction of this Vancouver Island fort.
- 17 The eventual name of the fort James Douglas built on Vancouver Island.
- 18 He led the English and Mohawk forces that harassed Nicolas de Manthet's forces as they returned to Montreal after attacking several Mohawk villages near Albany, New York.

This Day in Canadian History
February 16

DOWN

- 1 (2 words) The Kyoto agreement imposed limits on emissions of this gas.
- 2 The Supreme Court of Canada agreed to rule on whether or not Quebec could legally do this.
- 3 He set out to meet La Salle at the mouth of the Mississippi River.
- 4 80% of the CPR was owned by _____.
- 6 One of these cut electrical service to 70,000 Newfoundlanders.
- 7 The Mohawk decided to declare ___ on the French.
- 9 Britain appointed him to head a 6 man commission that would govern Newfoundland.
- 12 This US owned oil company planned to divert Venezuelan oil bound for Canada to the US.
- 14 PM Pearson established a royal commission to study the status of these Canadians.

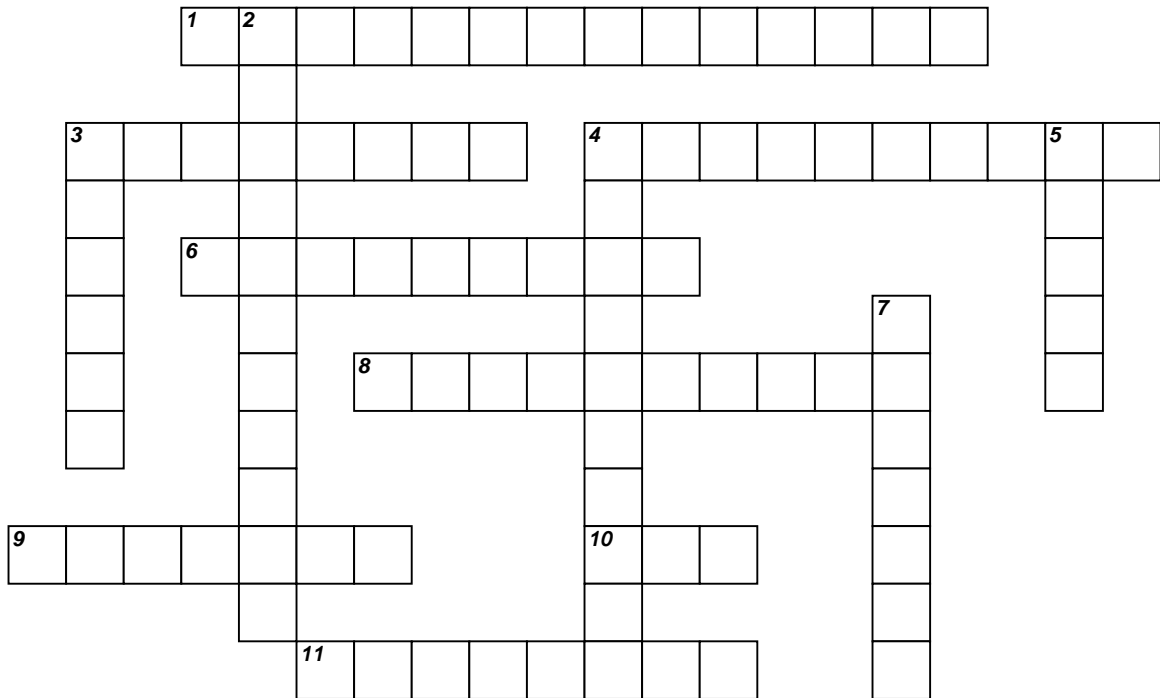
This Day in Canadian History

February 16th

- 1658 The Mohawk met in a secret council and decided to renew their war with the French.
- 1686 Henri Tonty set out with 25 Frenchmen and 4 Indians to join La Salle at the Mississippi River's mouth.
- 1693 Manthet's expedition attacked and set fire to several Mohawk villages and took 300 prisoners, two-thirds of whom were women and children. On the expedition's return to Montreal it was harassed by English and Mohawks led by Peter Schuyler but suffered only light casualties. Slow progress on the journey back to New France combined with a thaw that ruined the provisions it had left in caches forced Manthet to set his captives free. A few of his expedition's soldiers starved to death and more than a hundred had to stop and wait for help. Even those who continued on to Montreal had to abandon their muskets and blankets in order to travel.
- 1796 Yonge Street reached the Holland River. It was an 8.5m wide pathway that extended for 55 km from York. It opened up a vast area for settlement.
- 1824 18 year old Patrick Bergen was hung in Saint John, New Brunswick. He had stolen 25¢.
- 1825 John Franklin left England to commence his second expedition in Canada's Arctic. His task was to explore the Mackenzie River's delta and east to the Coppermine River. Franklin was once again accompanied by George Back and Dr. John Richardson as well as Midshipman Edward Kendall and several sailors and Royal Marines. The party would travel via New York to the Mackenzie River and beyond.
- 1843 James Douglas started construction of Fort Camosun (which became Fort Victoria by the year's end) on Vancouver Island.
- 1849 John A. MacDonal, a Tory, challenged William Blake to a duel because of Blake's heated defence of the Rebellion Losses Bill and vitriolic criticism of those who opposed it. The duel was only prevented by the quick intervention of the Speaker of the House.
- 1867 John A. MacDonal took time off from Confederation work in London and married his second wife, Susan Agnes Bernard.
- 1881 The CPR Company was incorporated and its sponsors put up a \$1,000,000 bond to guarantee the company's performance. 80% of the company was owned by non-Canadians.
- 1934 David Anderson was appointed by Britain to head a 6 man commission to govern Newfoundland. The British appointed commission included three Newfoundlanders and three Britons.
- 1959 A blizzard hit Newfoundland killing 6 people. Power to 70,000 people was cut off by the storm which also produced 5m high snowdrifts.
- 1967 PM Pearson established a royal commission to study the status of women in Canada.
- 1971 PM Trudeau was accused of mouthing two "bad words" during a debate in the House of Commons. Trudeau admitted to journalists pursuing this story that he might have muttered the terrible words "fuddle duddle".
- 1979 Toronto-based Imperial Oil was criticized by the federal government when its US parent company Exxon planned to divert Venezuelan oil bound for Canada to the US. Such a plan would have made the shortage of oil in Eastern Canada even worse during the Oil Crisis.

- 1993 Canada committed another 1200 soldiers to UN peacekeeping operations in Bosnia-Herzegovina.
- 1998 The Supreme Court of Canada agreed with a Liberal Party of Canada request to examine the question of whether or not Quebec could legally secede from Canada.
- 2005 The Kyoto global warming pact went into force. It imposed limits on the emission of carbon dioxide and other gases scientists believed caused increasing world temperatures, melting glaciers and rising oceans. Canada had pledged to cut emissions 6% below its 1990 level by 2012 but continued to increase its emissions by 1.5% each year.

This Day in Canadian History
February 23



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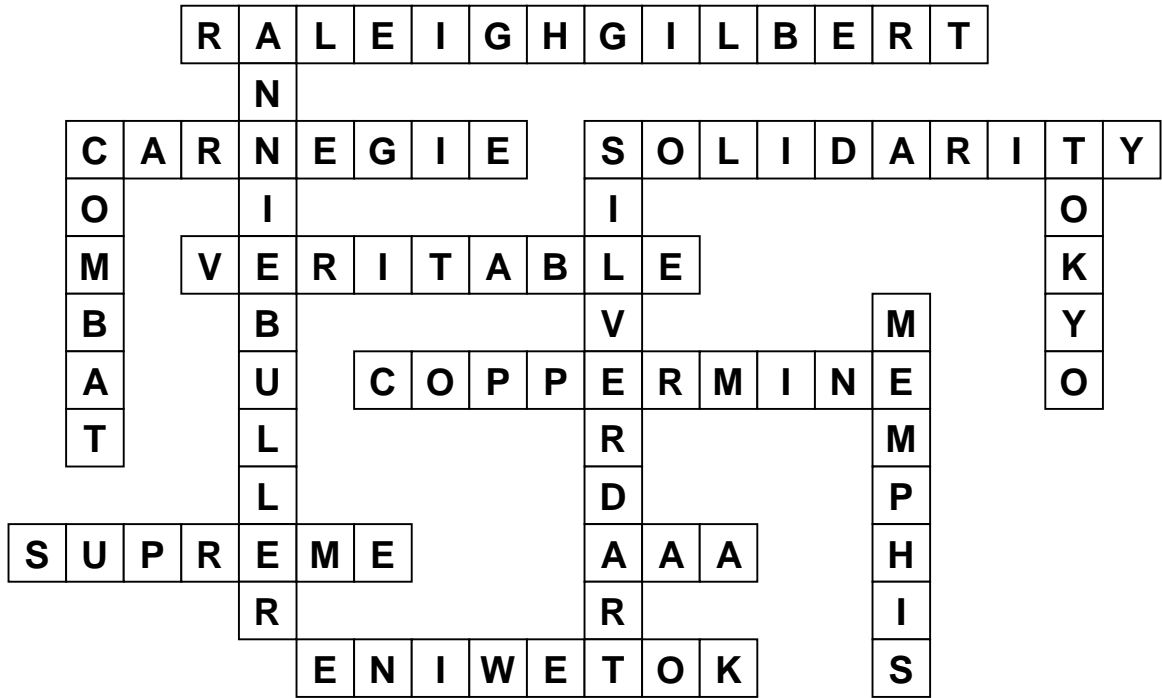
- 1 (2 words) He decided to abandon the settlement of Fort Saint George when he learned that he had inherited his family's estates in England.
- 3 This US philanthropist gave Toronto enough money to build a central public library and two branches.
- 4 Canada supported this Polish movement.
- 6 Allied forces engaged in this operation were able to capture 290,000 Germans.
- 8 Finding this river was the goal of Samuel Hearne's second expedition to Canada's Arctic.
- 9 This Canadian court upheld a Saskatchewan law that forbade European women to work in Chinese-owned businesses.
- 10 This Montreal hockey club was first to win the Stanley Cup.
- 11 US Marines captured this atoll in the Marshall Islands.

DOWN

- 2 (2 words) She was jailed for one year for her role in organizing the 1931 Saskatchewan coal miners' strike.
- 3 The PPCLI was part of the 27th British Commonwealth Brigade when it went into _____.
- 4 (2 words) It was the first powered airplane in Canada.
- 5 One square mile of this Japanese city was destroyed by firebombs.
- 7 La Salle's expedition down the Mississippi stopped for ten days at the site of what is now _____ in Tennessee when one of the party became lost while hunting. They waited 10 days for him to return.

This Day in Canadian History
February 23

Solution:



This Day in Canadian History

February 23rd

- 1608 George Popham, leader of the settlement of Fort Saint George on the coast of Maine, died and was replaced by Raleigh Gilbert. He would chose to return to England later that year when he learned that he had inherited his family's estates. The other colonists would refuse to stay when he left.
- 1682 The La Salle expedition reached the site of what is now Memphis, Tennessee. One of the party became lost while hunting. The expedition spent the next 10 days waiting for him to return. While they waited they built a small fort. The fort was named after Pierre Prud'homme who was a member of the expedition.
- 1770 Samuel Hearne set out on his second expedition into Canada's Arctic interior. His goal was to find the headwaters of the Coppermine River.
- 1893 The Montreal AAA hockey club was first winner of the Stanley Cup. It was awarded to the team for finishing first in its league. The club had a record of 7-1-0. Under the rules laid out by the trophy's donor, Lord Stanley, any Canadian hockey team could then challenge for the trophy - but none did at the time.
- 1903 Toronto accepted a grant of \$350,000 from US philanthropist Andrew Carnegie. It was used to build a central public library and two branches in the city.
- 1909 John McCurdy flew the Silver Dart at Baddeck, Nova Scotia. This was the first powered airplane flight in Canada.
- 1914 Canada's Supreme Court upheld the Saskatchewan law that forbade European women from working in Chinese owned businesses.
- 1932 Annie Buller was sentenced to one year in jail for her role in organizing the Saskatchewan coal miners' strike at Bienfait and Estevan in 1931.
- 1944 US Marines captured of Eniwetok Atoll in the Marshall Islands. This would give US forces an airfield and harbour to support planned attacks on the Mariana Islands.
- 1945 The US Ninth Army was able to cross the Roer River and link up with Canadian and British forces engaged in Operation Veritable. They were then able to cut off and capture the German division still on the west bank of the Rhine. 290,000 Germans would be taken prisoner in this operation.
- 1945 174 USAAF B-29s attacked Tokyo with firebombs. They destroyed about one square mile of the city.
- 1951 The PPCLI went into combat in Korea as part of the 27th British Commonwealth Brigade.
- 1982 Canada imposed trade sanctions on the Soviet Union and Poland to support Poland's Solidarity Movement.