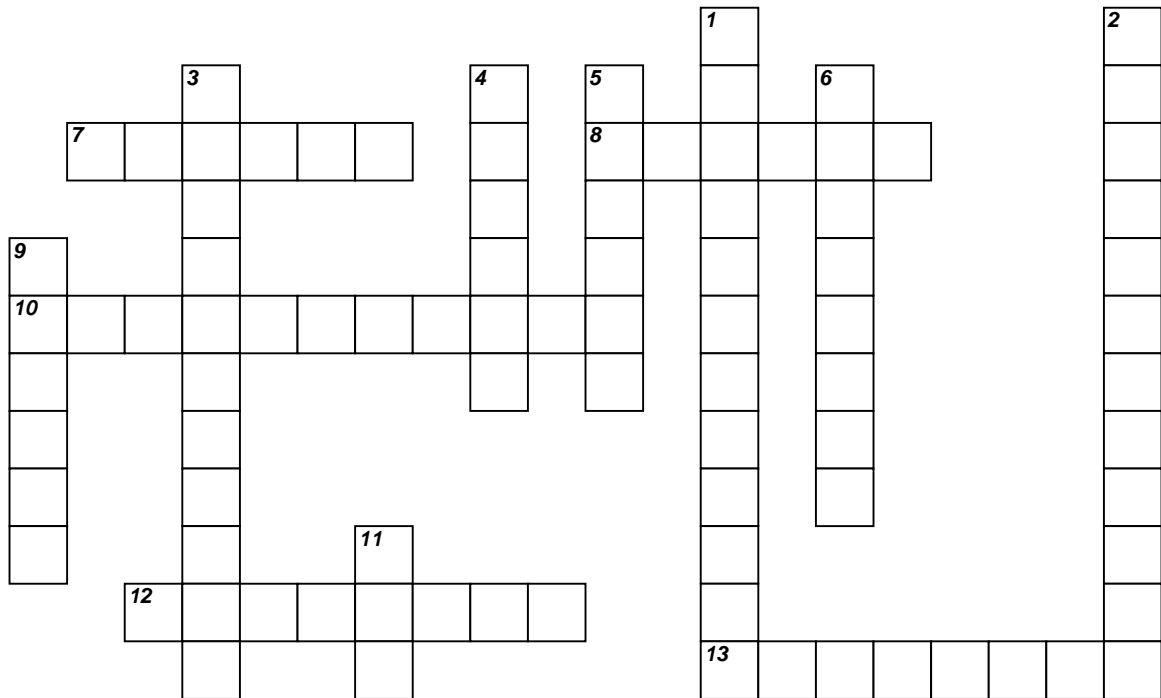


This Day in Canadian History
March 02



© 2007 Better Classroom Guidebooks

ACROSS

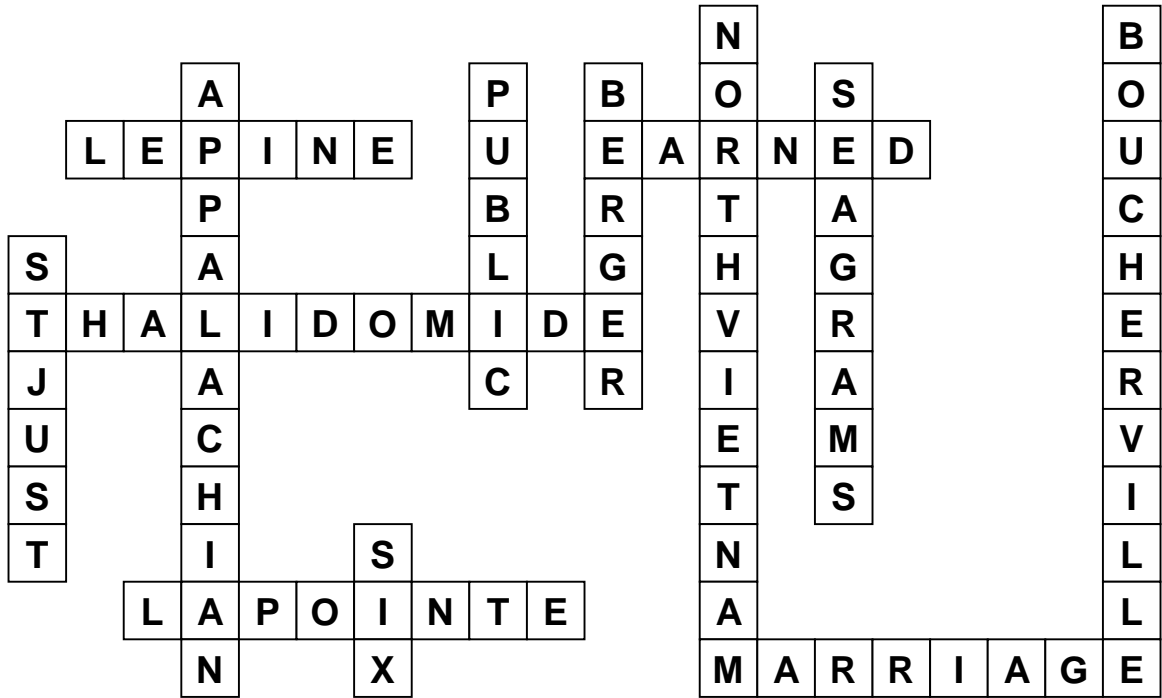
- 7 He joined Louis Riel in exile in the US.
- 8 The federal government started collecting income tax as money was _____.
- 10 This drug caused miscarriages and stillborn babies as well as deafness, blindness, and distortion or absence of limbs in fetuses.
- 12 He signed the first Canadian treaty negotiated without a representative of the British government present.
- 13 Dissenting ministers were allowed to legally perform this type of ceremony in Upper Canada.

DOWN

- 1 (2 words) The US began a sustained bombing campaign against this country.
- 2 This Quebec premier was dismissed from office by the province's Lt. Governor.
- 3 Louis XIV wanted to prevent the English from expanding across the this mountain range into the Mississippi Valley.
- 4 The Manitoba Legislature passed an act that denied Catholic schools this kind of funding.
- 5 This commission would examine the impact of a natural gas pipeline on the Mackenzie Valley.
- 6 This company merged with Bronfman's and would become one of the world's largest manufacturers of alcohol.
- 9 (2 words) This Quebec Lt. Governor fired the province's premier.
- 11 This many Canadians died in the first week the PPCLI was in combat.

This Day in Canadian History
March 02

Solution:

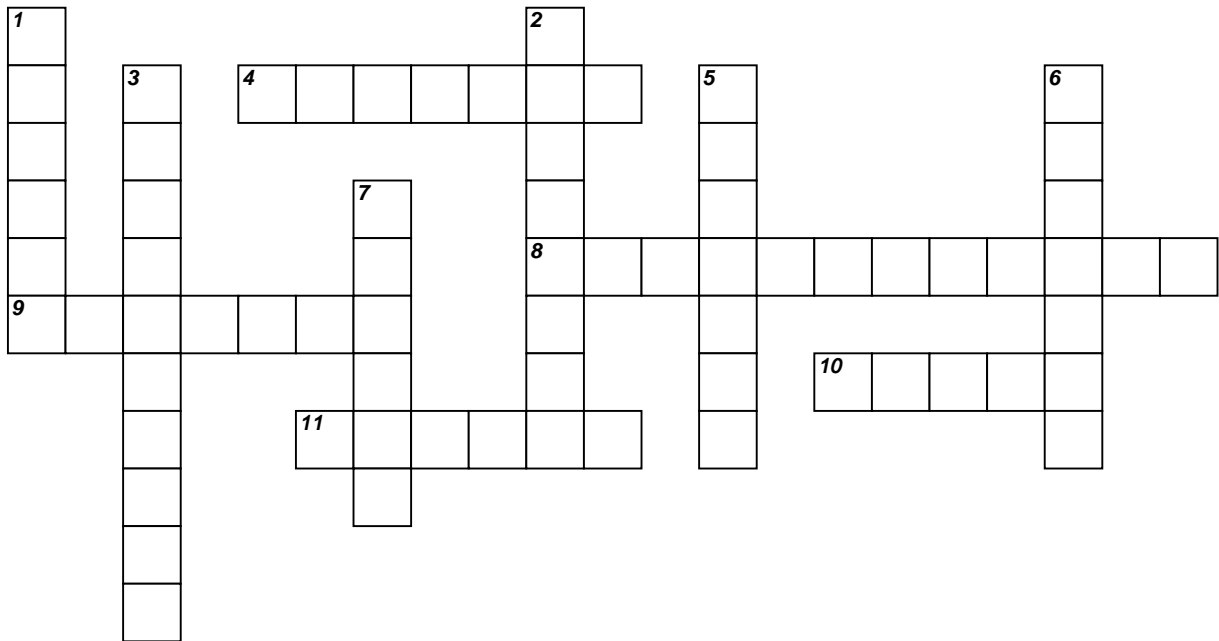


This Day in Canadian History

March 02nd

- 1699 Pierre Le Moyne d'Iberville entered the Birdfoot sub-delta of the Mississippi River and proceeded up river. He had been sent to the region to reinforce France's claim on the region. It was Louis XIV's desire to keep the English from expanding across the Appalachian Mountains into the Mississippi Valley.
- 1782 Guy Carleton replaced General Henry Clinton as Commander-in-Chief of British forces in North America.
- 1831 Upper Canada's Legislature passed the Marriage Act which allowed dissenting ministers to legally perform marriages.
- 1872 Louis Riel and Ambroise Lépine arrived in St Paul, Minnesota. They had been paid \$1000 each to leave Manitoba and go into exile in the US.
- 1878 Quebec's Lt. Governor Luc de St. Just, a Liberal, dismissed Conservative Premier Charles de Boucherville from office as a result of the Premier's secret financial dealings.
- 1894 The Manitoba Legislature passed the Act to Amend the Public Schools Act of 1890. This act declared Catholic schools not to be public schools and not eligible for public funding.
- 1923 Ernest Lapointe signed a halibut treaty dealing with fishing rights on the Pacific coast. This US-Canadian treaty was the first signed by a Canadian without a representative of the British government acting as an intermediary.
- 1928 Joseph Seagram and Sons, Ltd. merged with Samuel Bronfman's Distillers Corporation Ltd. The new company would become one of the world's largest manufacturers of alcohol.
- 1943 In order to generate revenue more efficiently, the federal government started collecting income tax by means of deductions made by employers as wages were earned.
- 1951 The first Canadian casualty reports from Korea showed that 6 Canadian soldiers had died in a week's combat.
- 1962 The Canadian government banned the drug thalidomide three months after it was banned in Europe. It had been found to have severe impacts on foetuses: miscarriage; stillborn; deafness; blindness; and distortion or absence of limbs. 8000 children had been affected worldwide.
- 1965 The US launched Operation Rolling Thunder, a sustained bombing campaign against North Vietnam. Its purpose was to destroy the North Vietnamese will to fight, to destroy North Vietnam's industrial base and air defences, and to stop the movement of men and supplies down the Ho Chi Minh Trail into South Vietnam.
- 1975 BC Supreme Court Justice Thomas Berger opened public hearings (the Berger Commission) regarding the impact of a proposed natural gas pipeline down the Mackenzie River from the Beaufort Sea to Alberta.

This Day in Canadian History
March 09



© 2007 Better Classroom Guidebooks

ACROSS

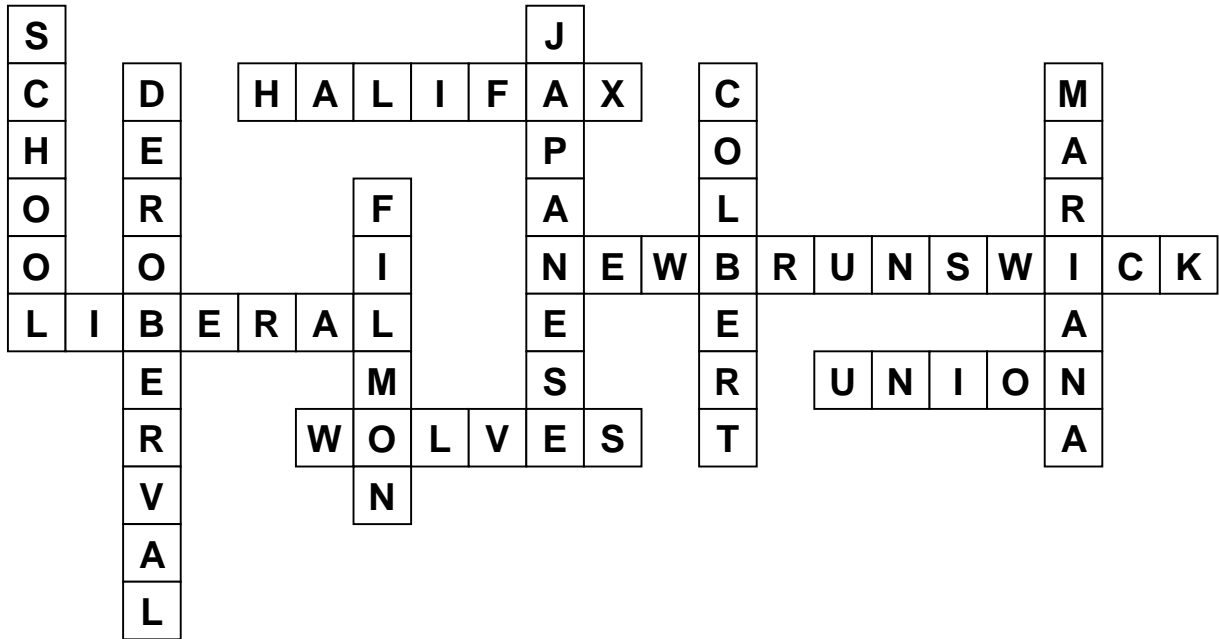
- 4 This harbour froze over.
- 8 Women in this province were given the right to hold provincial office.
- 9 This Quebec party endorsed the Allaire Committee's call for a referendum in the event that the province wasn't given increased powers.
- 10 BC's Legislature sent a delegation to Ottawa to negotiate _____ with Canada.
- 11 Upper Canada's Legislature decided these needed to be eliminated.

DOWN

- 1 Catholic priests in Lower Canada were allowed to establish one of these for every 100 families in their parish.
- 2 _____ Canadians were given the right to vote.
- 3 (2 words) He was the first French governor of Labrador and Newfoundland.
- 5 This chief administrator of the French government was more interested in promoting farming settlements in New France than he was in extending the fur trade.
- 6 334 B-29s based on these islands destroyed 16 square miles of Tokyo with firebombs.
- 7 His government introduced Manitoba's first balanced budget in 20 years.

This Day in Canadian History
March 09

Solution:

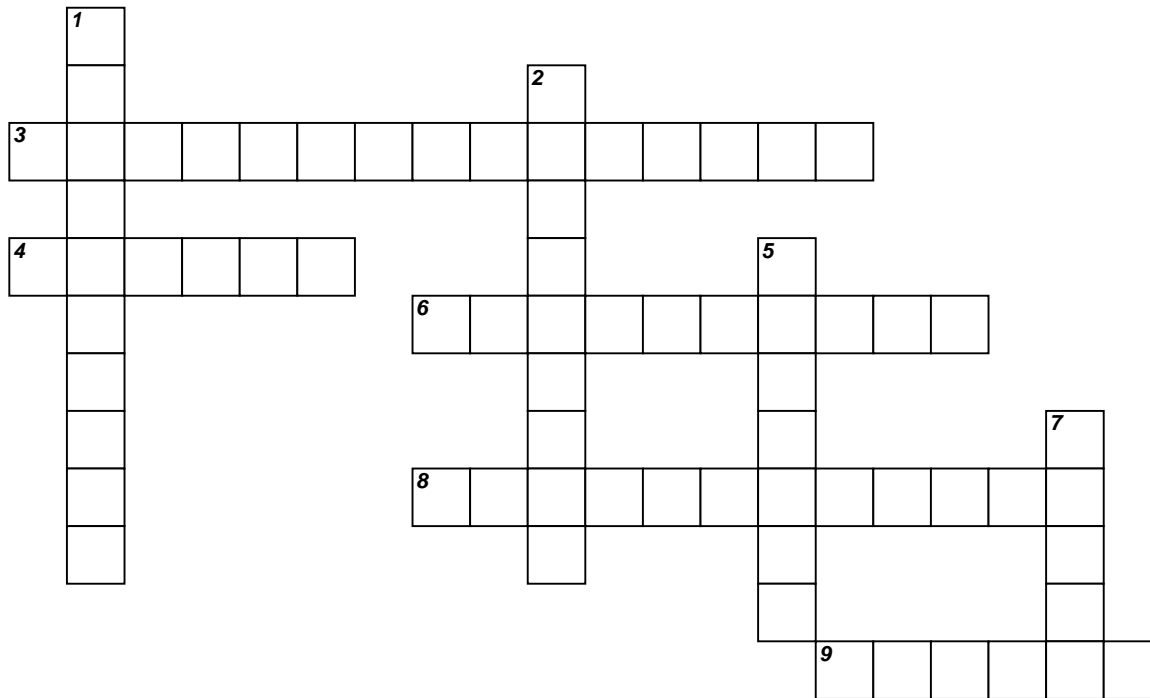


This Day in Canadian History

March 09th

- 1541 Jean-Francois de La Rocque, Sieur de Roberval, who had been appointed the first French Viceroy of Newfoundland and Labrador by Francis I, was given permission to take a group of convicts to settle Canada.
- 1661 Cardinal Mazarin, the chief administrator of the French government, died. He was replaced by Jean-Baptiste Colbert who was more interested in promoting farming settlements in New France than he was in extending the fur trade.
- 1809 Upper Canada's Legislature ended its session. It had passed laws that provided funds for a bridge across the Grand River and encouraged the killing of more wolves!
- 1824 The Fabrique Act was passed by the Lower Canada Legislature. It authorized Catholic priests to establish a school for every 100 families in their parish.
- 1833 The weather was cold in the Maritimes. Halifax Harbour froze over!
- 1855 A locomotive owned by the Great Western Railway was the first to cross the newly opened Niagara Suspension Bridge.
- 1870 BC's Legislature decided to send a delegation to Ottawa to negotiate a union with Canada.
- 1901 Naturalized citizens of Japanese descent won an appeal of the BC Elections Act. They were given the right to vote.
- 1934 New Brunswick women were granted the right to run for provincial office.
- 1945 The USAAF launched 334 B-29s from the Mariana Islands to attack Tokyo with firebombs. The 2 hour bombardment created a firestorm which engulfed the city. These fires were so hot they would literally ignite the clothing of individuals as they fled. The incendiary bombing left 100,000 Japanese dead and destroyed 16 square miles of the city. It may have been even more devastating than the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki.
- 1991 The Quebec Liberal Party endorsed the recommendations of the Allaire Report. The report called for a referendum unless Canada accepted the report's suggestions for increased power for Quebec.
- 1995 The Conservative government of Premier Gary Filmon introduced Manitoba's first balanced budget in 20 years.

This Day in Canadian History
March 16



© 2007 Better Classroom Guidebooks

ACROSS

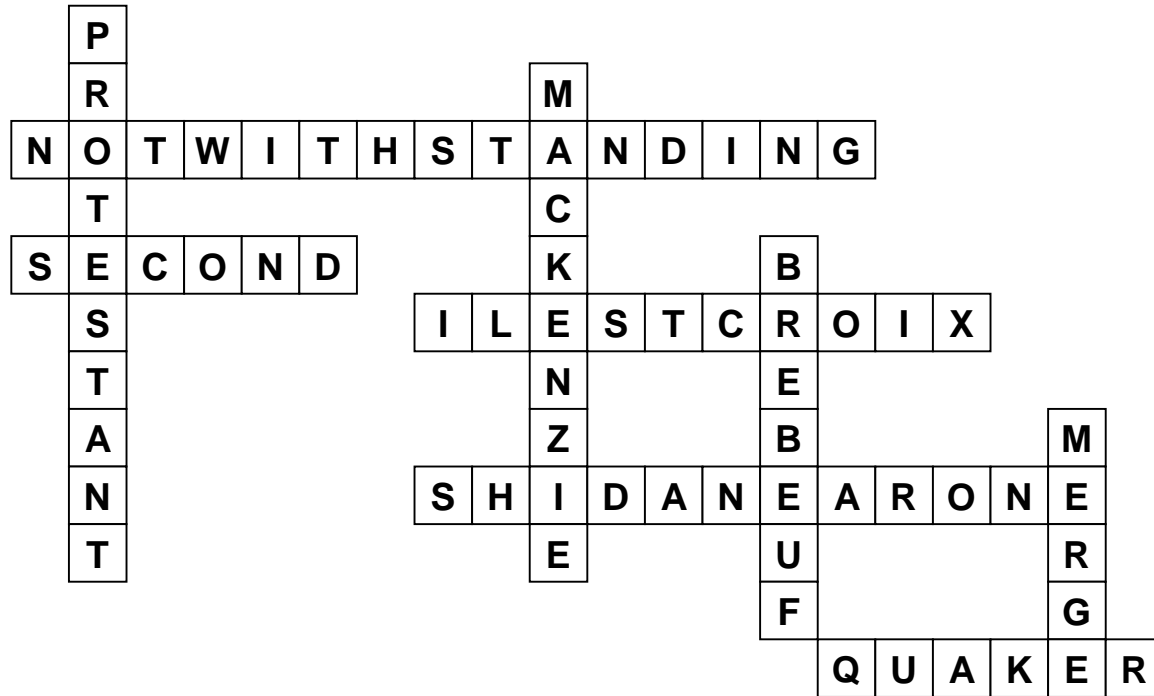
- 3 Alberta planned to invoke this constitutional clause if the courts overruled its ban on issuing marriage licences to same-sex couples.
- 4 This Canadian Division started arriving in France.
- 6 (3 words) Samuel Champlain explored the Bay of Fundy as far south as this river before returning to Port Royal.
- 8 (2 words) He was beaten to death by members of Canada's Airbourne Regiment.
- 9 Members of this religious group settled in Upper Canada's King and Whitchurch Townships.

DOWN

- 1 The Supreme Court of Canada ruled that Quebec had the right to prohibit these schools from teaching English in their lower grades.
- 2 One of the new districts in the Northwest Territories.
- 5 This Jesuit priest was captured and killed by the Iroquois when they attacked the missions at Saint Ignace and Saint Louis.
- 7 The NWCo and the HBCo agreed to _____.

This Day in Canadian History
March 16

Solution:

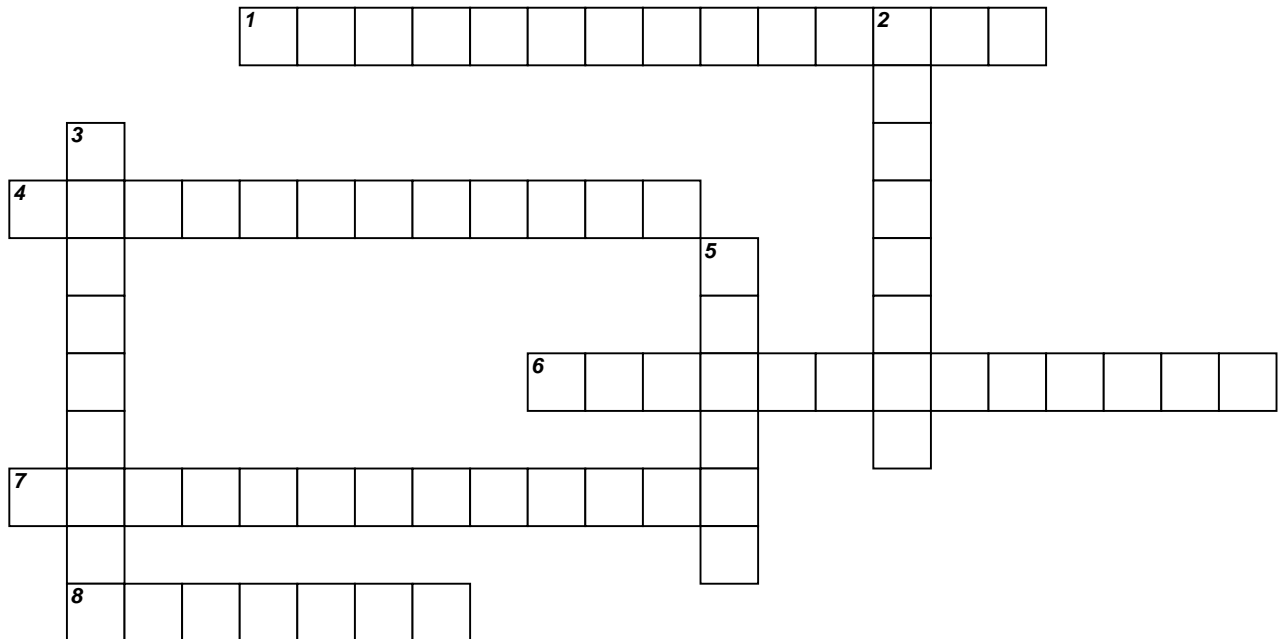


This Day in Canadian History

March 16th

- 1606 Champlain set out to explore to the south once more. This expedition ran into problems and only reached as far as the Île St.Croix River before turning back to Port Royal.
- 1649 Over 1000 musket armed Iroquois attacked the Huron missions of Saint Ignace and Saint Louis capturing Fathers Brébeuf and Lalemant. Father Brébeuf was tortured and killed. His remains were found by survivors of the attacks and eventually taken to Montreal.
- 1800 Timothy Rogers, a Quaker from Vermont, was granted 3237 hectares in York County in Upper Canada. Quaker settlers would start arriving to take up the land in King and Whitchurch Townships in 1801.
- 1821 The NWCo and the HBCo agreed to merge. William Williams was appointed senior governor of the HBCo's Southern Department. This department consisted of the territory east of Rainy Lake (Ontario) and included Fort William, Moose Factory, and Eastmain Factory (Eastmain, Quebec). The governorship of the larger Northern Department was given to George Simpson.
- 1915 The 2nd Canadian Division started arriving in France.
- 1918 The Northwest Territories were divided into the Districts of Keewatin, Mackenzie, and Franklin. The division would take effect on Jan 01, 1920.
- 1989 The Supreme Court of Canada ruled that Quebec had the right to prohibit Protestant schools from teaching English in their lower grades.
- 1993 Somali teenager Shidane Abukar Arone was beaten to death by members of Canada's Airborne Regiment near the unit's base at Belet Huen in western Somalia.
- 2000 Alberta passed a bill that banned the issuance of a marriage licence to same-sex couples. Furthermore, the province provided for the notwithstanding clause to be invoked if the courts overruled the new law.

This Day in Canadian History
March 23



© 2007 Better Classroom Guidebooks

ACROSS

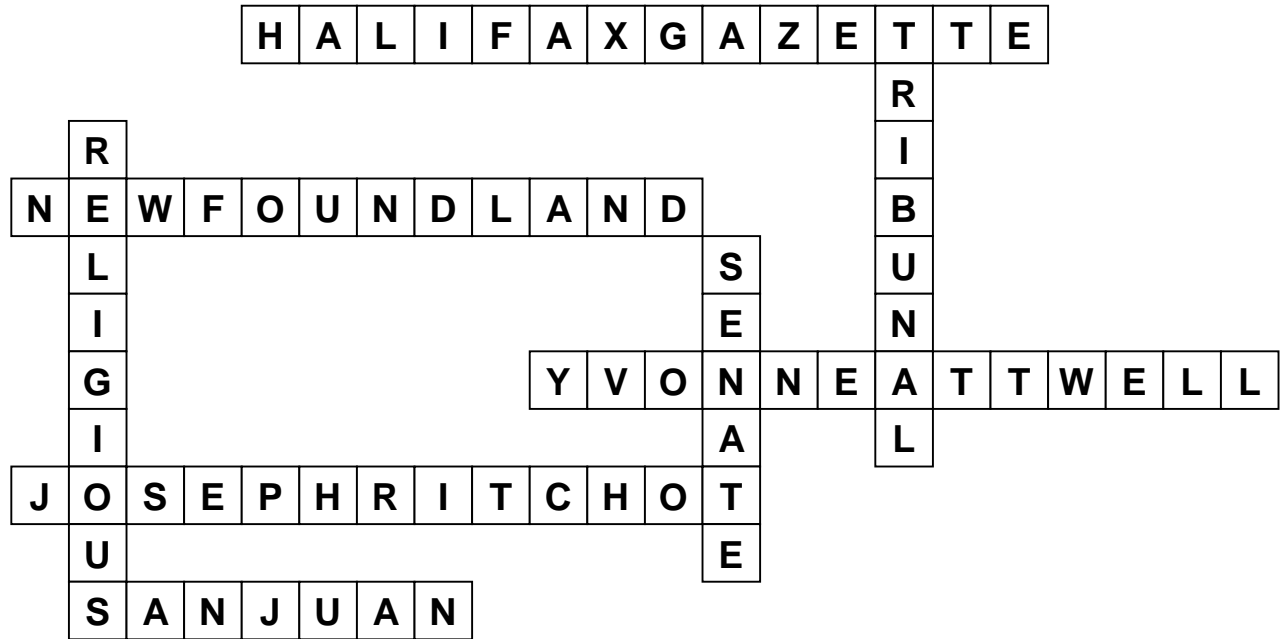
- 1 (2 words) The name of Canada's first newspaper.
- 4 This province's government introduced a balanced budget for 1995-1996.
- 6 (2 words) She was the first black woman to serve as an MLA in Nova Scotia.
- 7 (2 words) He was one of the representatives sent by the Métis to negotiate the terms by which Manitoba would join Confederation.
- 8 (2 words) 84 Royal Marines landed on this island.

DOWN

- 2 One of these ruled that the US had no right to seize Canadian sealing vessels in international waters.
- 3 The Protestant Orange Order demanded that Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a _____ school.
- 5 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon demanded that this type of reform be part of the Meech Lake Accord.

This Day in Canadian History
March 23

Solution:

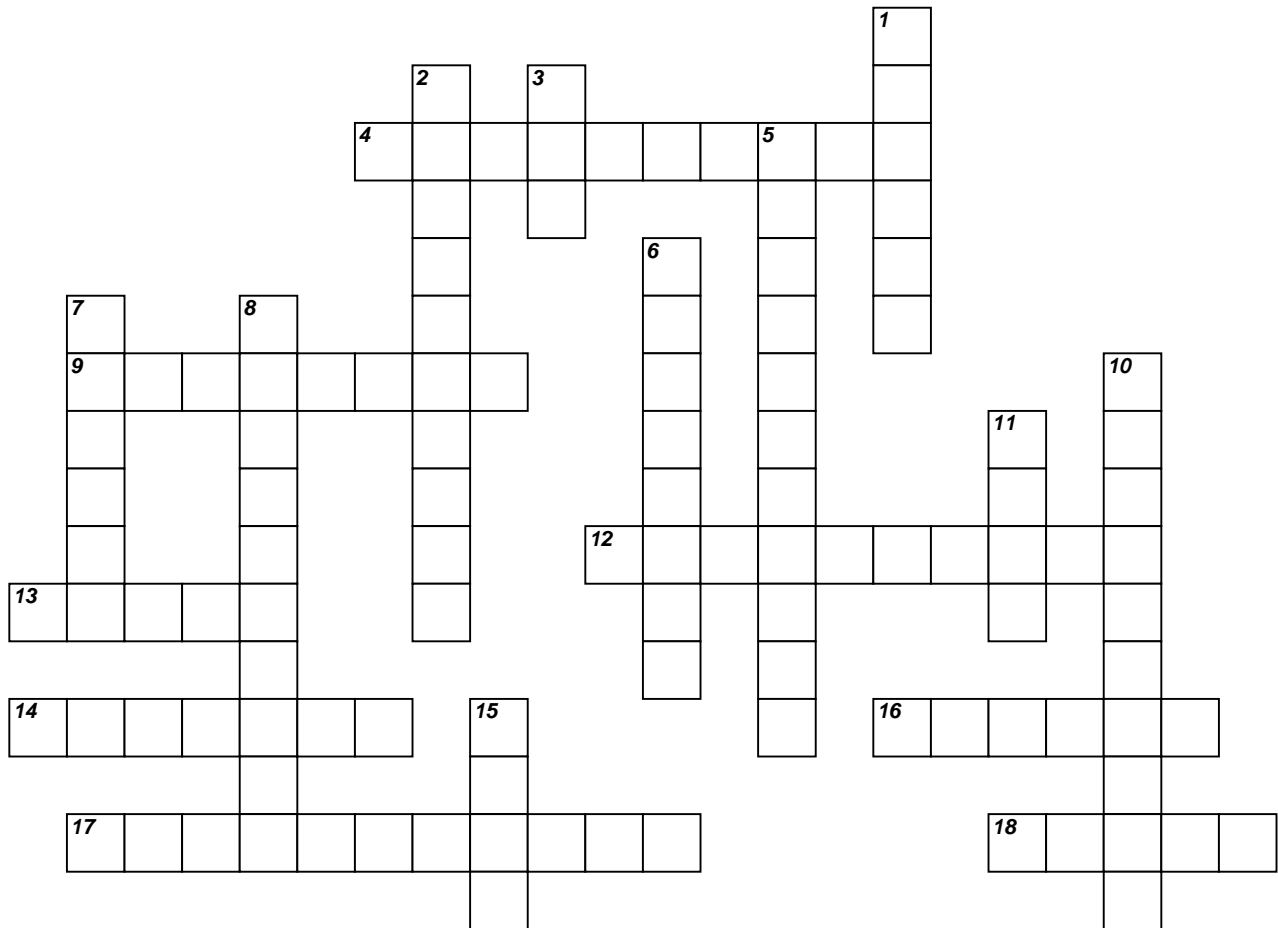


This Day in Canadian History

March 23rd

- 1752 John Bushell took over the publishing business started by Bartholomew Green and started Canada's first newspaper, the Halifax Gazette.
- 1860 84 Royal Marines landed on San Juan Island to assert Britain's claim that the Islands were part of British North America. They would build a camp on the site of an abandoned Native village and stay until the dispute was settled in 1873.
- 1865 Britain provided £50,000 to defend Canada. This was partly in response to tensions between the US and Britain caused by the activities of the British-built Confederate commerce raider Alabama.
- 1870 Father Joseph Ritchot and Alfred Scott left the Red River settlement for Ottawa to negotiate the terms by which Manitoba would join Confederation on behalf of Riel's provision government. They would be joined in Ottawa by Judge John Black. The negotiators would ask for such things as: provincial status for Manitoba with responsible government; a bilingual Lt. Governor; amnesty for those involved in the provisional government; establishment of bilingual institutions and church run schools; and, property rights for Aboriginal peoples.
- 1893 An international tribunal decided that the US had no right to seize Canadian sealing or fishing vessels operating in international waters (e.g. beyond 3 miles from shore) in the Bering Sea or elsewhere.
- 1893 10,000 supporters of the English-speaking Protestant Orange Order signed a petition demanding that Acadian Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a religious convent school.
- 1990 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon announced he would not ask the province's legislature to approve the Meech Lake Accord until flaws such as its lack of Senate reform were addressed.
- 1995 The government of Newfoundland introduced a balanced budget for 1995-1996.
- 1998 Yvonne Atwell was elected to the Nova Scotia legislature in the province's general election. She was the first black woman to serve as an MLA in the province.

This Day in Canadian History
March 30



© 2007 Better Classroom Guidebooks

ACROSS

- 4 (2 words) This bank was incorporated.
- 9 This region was reunited with Newfoundland.
- 12 The federal government sent one of these to the NWT to look into Métis land claims.
- 13 Louis Riel signed this book in Ottawa.
- 14 An ice jam stopped the flow of water over this set of waterfalls.
- 16 Toronto opened Canada's first of these.
- 17 George Brown introduced an unsuccessful motion to _____ the government of the province of Canada.
- 18 Sancho Black was hung in Charlottetown, PEI for stealing this.

DOWN

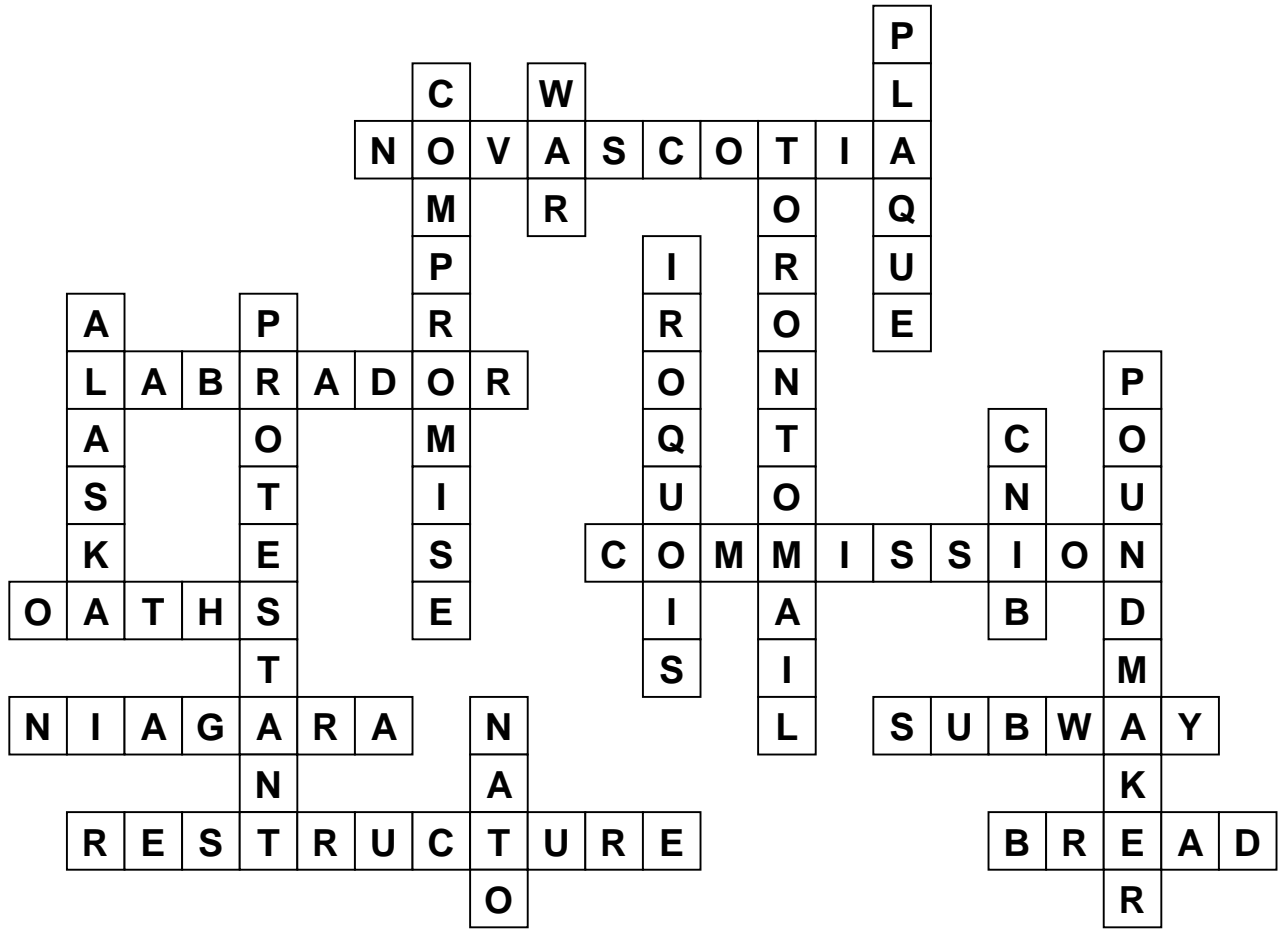
- 1 Pierre La Vérendrye buried a _____ that claimed much of South Dakota for France.
- 2 The Manitoba Legislature approved the Greenway-Laurier _____.

This Day in Canadian History
March 30

- 3** Leaders of Canada's federal parties all agreed to support Britain if one of these started.
- 5** (2 words) This pro-conservative newspaper began operations.
- 6** 30 settlers defeated a party of _____ who planned to attack Montreal.
- 7** The US purchased this area from Russia.
- 8** A court ruled that these ministers could marry Roman Catholics.
- 10** He and his people tried to find food at Battleford.
- 11** (4 words) Edwin Baker established this organization.
- 15** (4 words) France announced that it was quitting this organization.

This Day in Canadian History
March 30

Solution:



This Day in Canadian History

March 30th

- 1644 Governor Maisonneuve and 30 settlers defeated a group of Iroquois who planned to attack the settlement of Montreal.
- 1743 Before leaving the site of Pierre, South Dakota, Pierre La Vérendrye buried a lead plaque claiming the region for France and listing all the members of his expedition. This plaque was found by a group of school children in 1913.
- 1809 Labrador was rejoined to Newfoundland. This was intended to provide better protection for Labrador settlers and fishermen.
- 1815 Charlottetown, PEI residents Sancho and Peter Black were hung. They were tried and found guilty of theft: Sancho had stolen a loaf of bread and a pound of butter; Peter had burgled a tobacco shop and stolen £5. In the early 1800s property crimes were most serious and hanging was the usual punishment. Both men were descendents of black loyalists who had moved to PEI after the American Revolution.
- 1832 The Bank of Nova Scotia was incorporated by the Nova Scotia Legislature.
- 1848 An ice jam blocked the flow of water over Niagara Falls and through the Niagara Gorge for 24 hours. Sightseers found weapons thrown into the river during the War of 1812.
- 1860 George Brown introduced a motion in Canada's legislature that the Province of Canada be restructured as a federation with two provincial governments and a central federal government. Members of the central government's legislature would be elected based on population which would give control to Canada West. The motion was defeated.
- 1867 The US purchased Alaska from Russia for \$7,200,000.
- 1872 The Toronto Mail was published for the first time. The newspaper would support John A. MacDonald and the Conservative Party.
- 1874 Louis Riel arrived in Ottawa and signed the "oaths book" to claim his seat in the House of Commons. He then went back into hiding.
- 1885 The people of Battleford moved into the NWMP fort for protection. The town was deserted when Poundmaker and his people arrived seeking food. The Indian agent refused leave the fort to meet them and Poundmaker was unable to stop his younger warriors from plundering the deserted town. The townspeople stayed in the Fort for the next month.
- 1885 PM Macdonald's government appointed a 3 man commission to look into Métis land claims in the NWT.
- 1897 The Manitoba Legislature approved the Greenway-Laurier Compromise.
- 1901 A court decision ruled that marriages of Roman Catholics by Protestant ministers were legal.
- 1918 The Canadian National Institute for the Blind (CNIB) was founded by Edwin Baker. He had lost sight in both eyes at the Battle of Kennel in France in 1915.
- 1939 Leaders of Canada's federal parties all agreed that if Britain became involved in a war, Canada would not be neutral and would support Britain. They also agreed that there would be no conscription.

- 1954 The Toronto Transit Commission opened Canada's first subway. The 7.4 km long line ran under Yonge Street between Union Station and Eglinton Avenue.
- 1966 France announced that it intended to withdraw from NATO. At the same time it demanded US and Canadian forces leave France by April 01, 1967.