

A Week in Canadian History

March 23 – March 29

March 23

- 1752 John Bushell took over the publishing business started by Bartholomew Green and started Canada's first newspaper, the Halifax Gazette.
- 1860 84 Royal Marines landed on San Juan Island to assert Britain's claim that the Islands were part of British North America. They would build a camp on the site of an abandoned Native village and stay until the dispute was settled in 1873.
- 1865 Britain provided £50,000 to defend Canada. This was partly in response to tensions between the US and Britain caused by the activities of the British-built Confederate commerce raider Alabama.
- 1870 Father Joseph Ritchot and Alfred Scott left the Red River settlement for Ottawa to negotiate the terms by which Manitoba would join Confederation on behalf of Riel's provision government. They would be joined in Ottawa by Judge John Black. The negotiators would ask for such things as: provincial status for Manitoba with responsible government; a bilingual Lt. Governor; amnesty for those involved in the provisional government; establishment of bilingual institutions and church run schools; and, property rights for Aboriginal peoples.
- 1893 An international tribunal decided that the US had no right to seize Canadian sealing or fishing vessels operating in international waters (e.g. beyond 3 miles from shore) in the Bering Sea or elsewhere.
- 1893 10,000 supporters of the English-speaking Protestant Orange Order signed a petition demanding that Acadian Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a religious convent school.
- 1990 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon announced he would not ask the province's legislature to approve the Meech Lake Accord until flaws such as its lack of Senate reform were addressed.
- 1995 The government of Newfoundland introduced a balanced budget for 1995-1996.
- 1998 Yvonne Attwell was elected to the Nova Scotia legislature in the province's general election. She was the first black woman to serve as an MLA in the province.

March 24

- 1624 The Dutch West India Company sent the ship New Netherland to establish settlements in America. Thirty Flemish Walloon families were landed over the entire territory claimed by the company: a few families at the mouth of the Connecticut River; others at Burlington Island on the Delaware River; and some on Nut Island (now called Governor's Island) in the mouth of the Hudson River. The remaining families were taken up the Hudson River to Fort Orange (Albany). These families would be followed by 6 more shiploads of settlers over the next two years.
- 1672 Dollier de Casson laid out the streets of what is now called Old Montreal. The roads consisted of Notre Dame, the main street, two parallel streets and 7 that crossed at right angles.

- 1680 La Salle arrived at the fort at the Rivière Saint Joseph from Pimitoui having covered 275 miles in weather that was alternately freezing and thawing. La Salle and the five men with him had been forced to abandon their canoe and complete their journey on foot. Unable to obtain word about the fate of his ship, the Griffon, La Salle set off to march overland from Rivière Saint Joseph on the southern tip of Lake Michigan to Lake Erie and the Niagara River.
- 1745 William Pepperrell left Boston leading an English expedition to capture Louisbourg.
- 1761 Canada's first Lutheran church was established in Halifax.
- 1878 Lt. Governor St. Just asked Liberal Henri de Lotbinière to form a government in Quebec - even though the previous Conservative government of Charles de Boucherville had not been defeated in the Legislative Assembly.
- 1937 The Union Nationale government of Quebec Premier Duplessis passed the Padlock Act which allowed the province's Attorney General to close any building used to promote Communism. The Act also allowed the government to confiscate all printed materials it deemed subversive.
- 1942 10 small northern airline operators merged to create Canadian Pacific Airlines Ltd.
- 1978 The Quebec government ordered an end to sales of South African wine in its liquor stores as a protest against that country's human rights violations.
- 1981 MPs opposed to PM Trudeau's plan to patriate the Constitution began a filibuster in the House of Commons.
- 1999 NATO launched its first attack on a sovereign nation since it was created after WWII. NATO aircraft including four Canadian CF-18s bombed Serbian positions north of Belgrade in Prista and Kosovo.

March 25

- 1609 Working for the Dutch East India Company, Henry Hudson sailed from Amsterdam in a second attempt to reach the Ob River in Russia. Encountering heavy storms, he quickly abandoned this objective and sailed for America where he would explore the coast between Chesapeake Bay in the south and the Penobscot River in the north.
- 1634 200 settlers arrived in Maryland at St. Clement's Island to take up lands granted to Cecilius Calvert, the 2nd Lord Baltimore, by King Charles I. Under Calvert's leadership, Maryland would become a sanctuary for English Roman Catholics.
- 1774 Britain's Parliament passed the Boston Port Bill which ordered the closure of Boston's harbour until the town's citizens paid the East India Company for the tea destroyed in the "Tea Party".
- 1820 The Bank of New Brunswick was chartered in Saint John. It became the colony's first chartered bank.
- 1839 Winfield Scott of the US and British Col. John Harvey negotiated an end to the Aroostook War between Maine and New Brunswick. The British surrendered all claims to the area and the US withdrew its troops from the area.
- 1872 The Toronto Typographical Union struck George Brown's Toronto Globe. Like many workers in North American and Britain they sought to shorten their workday to 9 hours. Strikes at this time were illegal and considered conspiracies against trade. Twenty-four union members would be arrested.
- 1876 NWMP Sub-Inspector Edmond Fréchette arrived at Battleford, NWT to select a site for a post.

- 1880 George Brown was shot in his office at the Globe newspaper by former employee George Bennett.
- 1885 The 90th Battalion and Field Battery left Winnipeg anticipating a fight with the Métis.
- 1885 Dumont and 16 Métis seized Hillyard Mitchell's store at Duck Lake and confiscated its stock - the Métis needed supplies.
- 1904 A BC Act that restricted the employment of Japanese Canadians was disallowed by the federal government.
- 1958 The Avro CF-105 Arrow was test flown for the first time. It was considered the most advanced fighter plane of its era.
- 1982 The British House of Lords gave its approval to a bill to patriate Canada's constitution cutting Canada's last colonial and legal tie to Britain.
- 1991 250 fishers and fish plant workers smashed the federal fisheries offices in Port-aux-Basques, Newfoundland. They were protesting reductions in the fishing season that would result in them not qualifying for unemployment insurance.
- 2000 92% of the Reform Party's membership voted to merge with the new Canadian Reform Conservative Alliance.

March 26

- 1616 Robert Bylot, accompanied again by William Baffin, sailed the ship Discovery out of Gravesend, England. Their objective was to sail up the Davis Strait as far as 80°N and then turn west and sail to Japan. Fighting ice and cold they managed to sail as far north as 77°45' passing an ice-blocked passage Baffin named Lancaster Sound. They didn't know it, but Lancaster Sound was the long sought Northwest Passage!
- 1862 The Daily British Colonist of Victoria, BC advised its readers that two new cases of smallpox had been found among passengers arriving from San Francisco aboard the ships Oregon and the Brother Jonathan.
- 1870 News of Thomas Scott's execution by the Métis in Red River reached Ontario. It set off an outburst of anti-Métis, anti-French and anti-Catholic sentiments amongst Ontario's Protestant population.
- 1885 Lt. Colonel C.E. Montizambert and 228 soldiers left Montreal for Winnipeg aboard the CPR. Even though the CPR did not reach all the way to Winnipeg, they were able to complete the trip in 7 days - much less than the 90 days required by General Wolseley's force in the first Northwest Rebellion.
- 1885 Gabriel Dumont and a force of 300 Métis encountered a NWMP and volunteer force commanded by Superintendent Leif Crozier near Duck Lake. Even though the Métis occupied high ground and were protected by natural cover, Crozier ordered his men to open fire. Of Crozier's 100 men, 12 were killed and 11 wounded. The Métis lost only five. If Riel had not stopped the fighting, Crozier's force would have been massacred.
- 1921 The 40m fishing schooner Bluenose was launched at Lunenburg, Nova Scotia.
- 1940 Mackenzie King and the Liberal Party won 179 of Parliament's 245 seats in the 19th general election. Conservatives led by Robert Manion were elected in only 39 ridings.

- 1945 US forces subdued the Japanese held island of Iwo Jima after almost six weeks of fighting. Only 1083 of almost 22,000 Japanese soldiers on the island surrendered. The rest died. The US suffered 26,000 casualties including more than 6,800 dead in the fighting for the island. The US would use the island as a refuelling base for bombers flying out of the Marianas Islands against targets in Japan.
- 1974 The Supreme Court of Canada upheld the decision of the Quebec Court of Appeal to overturn Dr. Henry Morgenthau's acquittal for performing an illegal abortion.
- 1975 The federal government raised its minimum wage from \$2.20 to \$2.60 per hour.
- 1987 Sheila Copps became the first MP to give birth to a child while an MP. She had a baby girl.

March 27

- 1614 Sieur de Poutrincourt found the Port Royal settlement in ruins and the inhabitants starving as a result of Samuel Argall's attack. Only one mill, several barns and most of the planted fields had escaped destruction but these were not sufficient to support the colonists. Poutrincourt had to return to France with most of the colonists. He was also took back enough furs to make a profit on the trip. Before departing this last time, Poutrincourt signed over the title of all his lands in the New World to his son, Charles Biencourt, who remained in Acadia.
- 1647 The King of France created the Conseil de Quebec. This council consisted of the Governor of New France, the Jesuit Superior, and the Governor of Montreal. It operated under the first political constitution in Canada.
- 1659 Louis XIV appointed Francois Laval as the first bishop of New France.
- 1756 Fort Bull, a British supply post on Oneida Lake in New York, was attacked by a French force of 360 led by Gaspard Joseph Chaussegros de Léry. Most of the 70 inhabitants were killed.
- 1834 William Lyon Mackenzie was elected alderman in Toronto's first civic elections. Reform-minded candidates like Mackenzie won the majority of seats on Toronto's council.
- 1855 New Brunswick once again banned the sale of alcohol. Samuel Tilley had spearheaded the prohibition movement in New Brunswick.
- 1885 General Middleton arrived in Winnipeg, 4 days after leaving eastern Canada.
- 1945 Germany launched the last two V-2 ballistic missiles against targets in England. In all the Germans launched 3172 V-2's - 1610 at Antwerp in Belgium and 1358 at London, England.
- 1953 External Affairs Minister Lester Pearson officially presented the seven nickel silver doors that Canada had donated for the main doorway of the UN's new headquarters in New York.
- 1964 The first Canadian peacekeepers to serve with the UN in Cyprus arrived for duty. Canada would participate in this peacekeeping mission for another 29 years.
- 1966 The Quebec branch of the Liberal Party passed a resolution written by Pierre Trudeau that called for Ottawa to retain fiscal power, the provinces to be responsible for social security and for the federal government to provide support for bilingualism across Canada.
- 1966 An instrument package to study the aurora borealis was launched from Canada's rocket research centre in Churchill, Manitoba.
- 1974 The federal government and the provinces reached an interim agreement regarding a national oil policy. The price of domestic oil was raised from \$4.00 a barrel and set at \$6.50.

- 1992 New York cancelled its contract to purchase \$17,000,000,000 worth of electricity from Hydro-Quebec partly because of Cree opposition to the company's Great Whale James Bay hydro project. This cancellation encouraged Quebec-Hydro to cancel the huge project.
- 1992 Four vessels left St. John's, Newfoundland to protest the activities of European fishing vessels operating outside Canada's 200 mile fishing limit. The Newfoundlanders were concerned about their impact on the declining cod fish stocks.
- 1998 The governments of Canada provided a \$1,375,000,000 compensation package to Canadians who had contracted Hepatitis C from tainted blood provided by the Red Cross. Individual victims were given between \$22,000 and \$30,000.

March 28

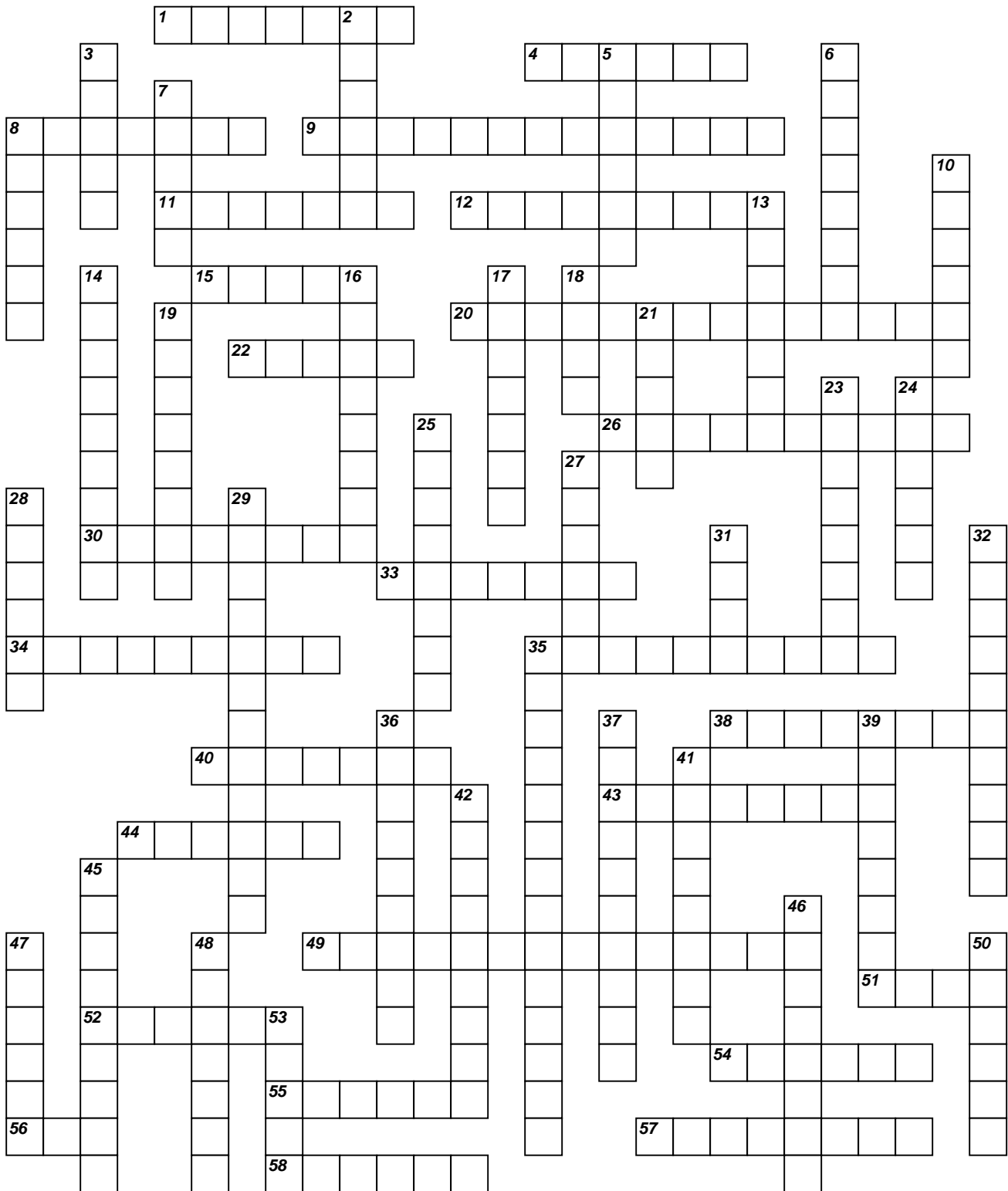
- 1690 The French and their Aboriginal allies attacked Salmon Falls and Fort Loyal (now Portland, Maine).
- 1795 The Spanish post at Nootka Sound was turned over to the British.
- 1864 The Nova Scotia Legislature appointed five delegates to attend a conference in Charlottetown, PEI to discuss the union of the Maritime colonies.
- 1884 The BC and Federal governments settled a dispute over railways. The federal government paid BC \$750,000 to assist with the construction of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway. The BC government gave the federal government all BC railway lands.
- 1885 Acheson Irvine and 90 men arrived at Fort Carleton. They had marched 484 km from Regina in 7 days through freezing temperatures. Crozier and his reinforcements would abandon Fort Carlton and move to Prince Albert.
- 1889 Parliament defeated a motion to disallow Quebec's Jesuits Estate Act. It had been introduced because some felt public funds should not be paid to (Catholic) religious institutions.
- 1918 800 troops were called out to stop anti-conscription rioting in Quebec City. By the time it was over on April 04th, the city had been placed under martial law, 4 civilians killed and 6 soldiers wounded.
- 1949 The House of Commons approved the North Atlantic Treaty in one day. Only two independent MPs from Quebec voted against the treaty.
- 1962 The Saskatchewan government met with the province's College of Physicians and Surgeons to discuss their dispute over the implementation of the Medicare Act. The doctors wanted it withdrawn.
- 1980 Federal Energy Minister Marc Lalonde announced that despite recent increases in world oil prices Suncor and Syncrude would not be allowed to sell tar sands oil at world prices.
- 1985 Federal Minister of Energy Pat Carney took the first step in dismantling the Liberal's 1980 energy program when she negotiated a new accord with the three westernmost provinces. The agreement gave the oil industry more than \$800,000,000 in additional revenue for 1985.
- 1998 Canada signed the Kyoto Protocol committing itself to reducing its greenhouse gas emissions.

March 29

- 1630 France and England agreed to return all lands captured during the Third Bearnese Revolt to their original owners. The handovers would take another two years.
- 1778 James Cook reached Nootka Sound on the British Columbia coast. He was welcomed by the Nootka and named his landing Friendly Cove. Over the next month he traded with the local inhabitants and surveyed the coast of BC.
- 1841 St. Mary's College of Halifax was chartered.
- 1867 Queen Victoria signed the BNA Act creating the country of Canada.
- 1906 Workers for Winnipeg's Electric Railway began a 2 day strike that became so violent troops had to be called out to restore order. It was settled when the workers were offered a raise and a 10 hour work day.
- 1919 The Industrial Conditions Act of Manitoba was passed. It established procedures for settling labour disputes.
- 1945 Germany launched its last V-1 flying bomb at England. A total of 2,419 V-1s reached Metropolitan London killing about 5,500 people and injuring another 16,000.
- 1963 The Wolfe Monument on the Plains of Abraham in Quebec City was vandalized.
- 1969 6000 demonstrators marched to Montreal's McGill University demanding that it be made a French language school.
- 1973 The last US troops left Vietnam. The fighting between North and South Vietnamese forces continued.
- 1975 11,000 employees of the federal government ended their month long strike when they were offered wage increases of 29.25% over a 26 month long contract.
- 1993 Catherine Callbeck became the first woman to lead a political party to victory in a general election. She led the PEI Liberal Party to a landslide victory (31 out of 32 seats).

A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (A)



A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (A)

ACROSS

- 1 This group opposed the implementation of Saskatchewan's Medicare Act.
- 4 They would be called upon to end a violent strike at Winnipeg's Electric Railway.
- 8 This court upheld the reversal of Dr. Henry Mergenthaler's acquittal for performing illegal abortions.
- 9 The House of Commons approved this treaty.
- 11 (2 words) 6,800 US combatants died in a six week long battle to take this Japanese held island.
- 12 The Protestant Orange Order demanded that Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a _____ school.
- 15 He was appointed as the first Bishop of New France.
- 20 (2 words) The name of Canada's first newspaper.
- 22 He helped negotiate an end to the Aroostook War.
- 26 This colony sent five delegates to a conference in Charlottetown to discuss Maritime Union.
- 30 La Salle planned to travel overland from this lake to the Niagara River in early spring.
- 33 One of these was created to oversee the government of New France.
- 34 (2 words) This federal Minister of Energy started dismantling the 1980 energy program.
- 35 The leader of an English expedition sent to capture Louisbourg.
- 38 (2 words) Federal Energy Minister Marc Lalonde announced that this type of oil could not be sold at world prices.
- 40 (2 words) 84 Royal Marines landed on this island.
- 43 The modern name of an English settlement in Maine that was attacked by the French and their Aboriginal allies.
- 44 He was the leader of the Conservative Party in Canada's 19th general election.
- 49 (3 words) Henry Hudson was working for this company when he made a second attempt to reach the Ob River in Russia.
- 51 (4 words) This organization launched its first attack on a sovereign nation since it was created.
- 52 The first Canadians to serve with the UN peacekeeping force on this island arrived for duty.
- 54 He spearheaded the prohibition movement in New Brunswick.
- 55 (2 words) Germany launched the last of these at England.
- 56 The price of this was raised from \$4.00 a barrel to \$6.50.
- 57 James Cook landed at _____ Cove where he was welcomed by the Nootka.
- 58 The Spanish turned over their post at this sound to Britain.

A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (A)

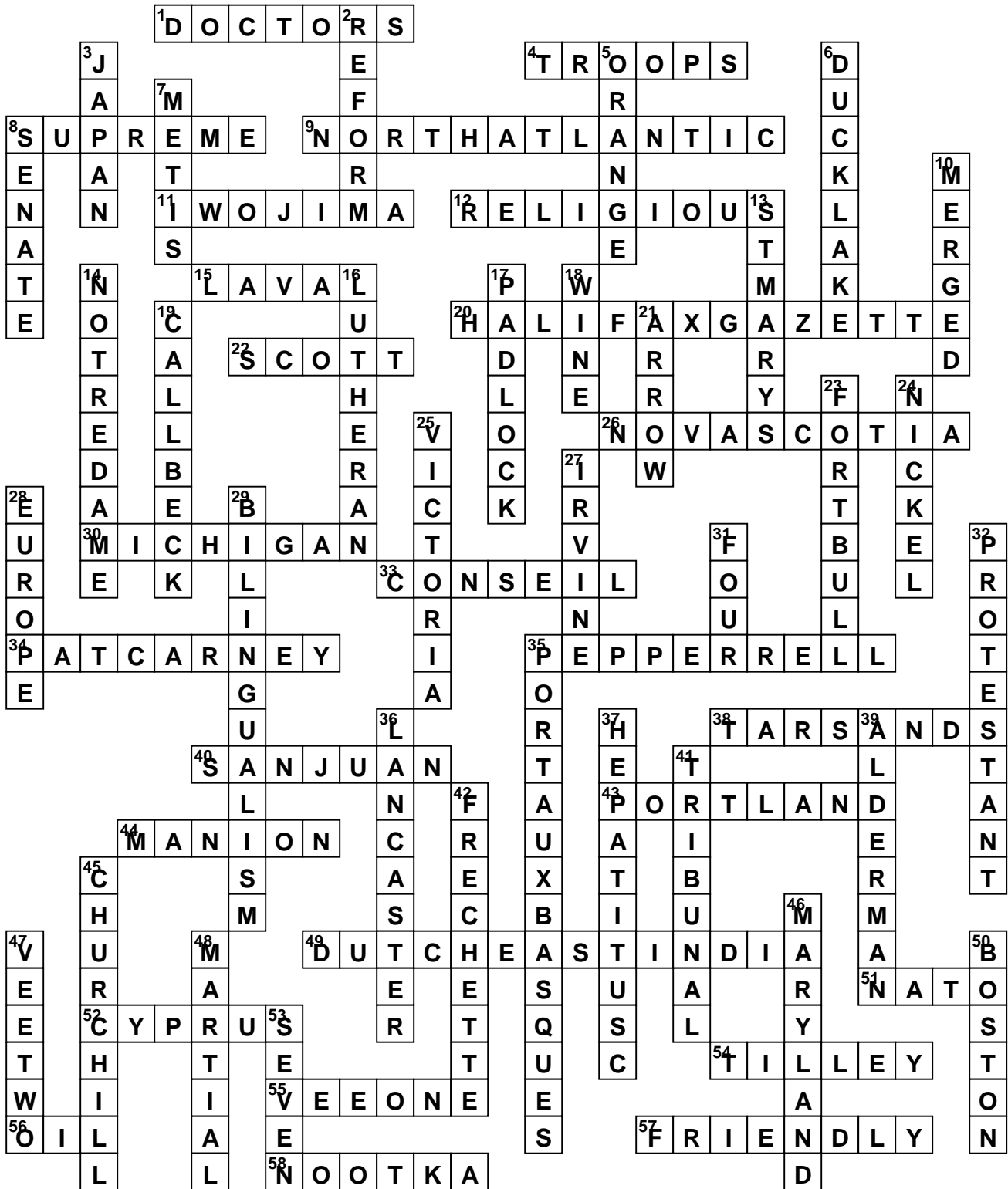
DOWN

- 2 92% of this party's membership voted to merge with the new Canadian Reform Conservative Alliance.
- 3 The federal government disallowed a BC act that restricted the employment of Canadians from this country.
- 5 The Dutch West India Company settled several families at this fort on the Hudson River.
- 6 (2 words) Gabriel Dumont seized a store at _____.
- 7 Superintendent Crozier and 100 NWMP and volunteers fought 300 _____ near Duck Lake.
- 8 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon demanded that this type of reform be part of the Meech Lake Accord.
- 10 Canadian Pacific Airlines Ltd was created when 10 small northern airlines _____.
- 13 (2 words) This Halifax college received a charter.
- 14 (2 words) One of the first streets in "Old Montreal".
- 16 The first church of this denomination was established in Halifax.
- 17 The Union Nationale government of Quebec passed this act which allowed it to confiscate all printed materials which it deemed subversive.
- 18 The Quebec government ordered an end to sales of this South African product.
- 19 She was the first woman to lead a political party to victory in a general election.
- 21 This jet fighter was test flown for the first time.
- 23 (2 words) 70 inhabitants of this British New York supply post were killed when it was attacked by the French.
- 24 The main doors at the UN headquarters in New York are made of this Canadian metal.
- 25 This queen signed the BNA Act into law.
- 27 He and his 90 men marched 484 km from Regina to Fort Carleton in 7 days.
- 28 Boats from here were catching cod fish outside Canada's 200 mile fishing limit.
- 29 The Quebec branch of the Liberal Party called for the federal government to support _____.
- 31 The number of days it took General Middleton to reach Winnipeg from eastern Canada.
- 32 This segment of Ontario's population was outraged by the execution of Thomas Scott.
- 35 (3 words) Fisheries workers smashed the federal fisheries offices in this Newfoundland community.
- 36 Robert Bylot and William Baffin sailed past an ice-blocked passage Baffin named _____ Sound.
- 37 (2 words) Canadians who had contracted this disease from tainted blood received financial compensation.
- 39 William Lyon Mackenzie was elected to this office in Toronto's first civic elections.
- 41 One of these ruled that the US had no right to seize Canadian sealing vessels in international waters.
- 42 This Sub-Inspector selected a site for a NWMP post at Battleford, NWT.
- 45 Canada's rocket research centre was located in this community.
- 46 This English colony became a sanctuary for English Roman Catholics under the leadership of the second Lord Baltimore.
- 47 (2 words) Germany launched the last two of these ballistic missiles against targets in England.
- 48 Anti-conscription riots in Quebec City would lead to this kind of law being imposed.
- 50 Britain's Parliament closed this port until the town's citizens paid for the tea protesters had destroyed.
- 53 The number of days it took the CPR to transport Lt. Col Montizambert's militia force from Montreal to Winnipeg.

A Week in Canadian History

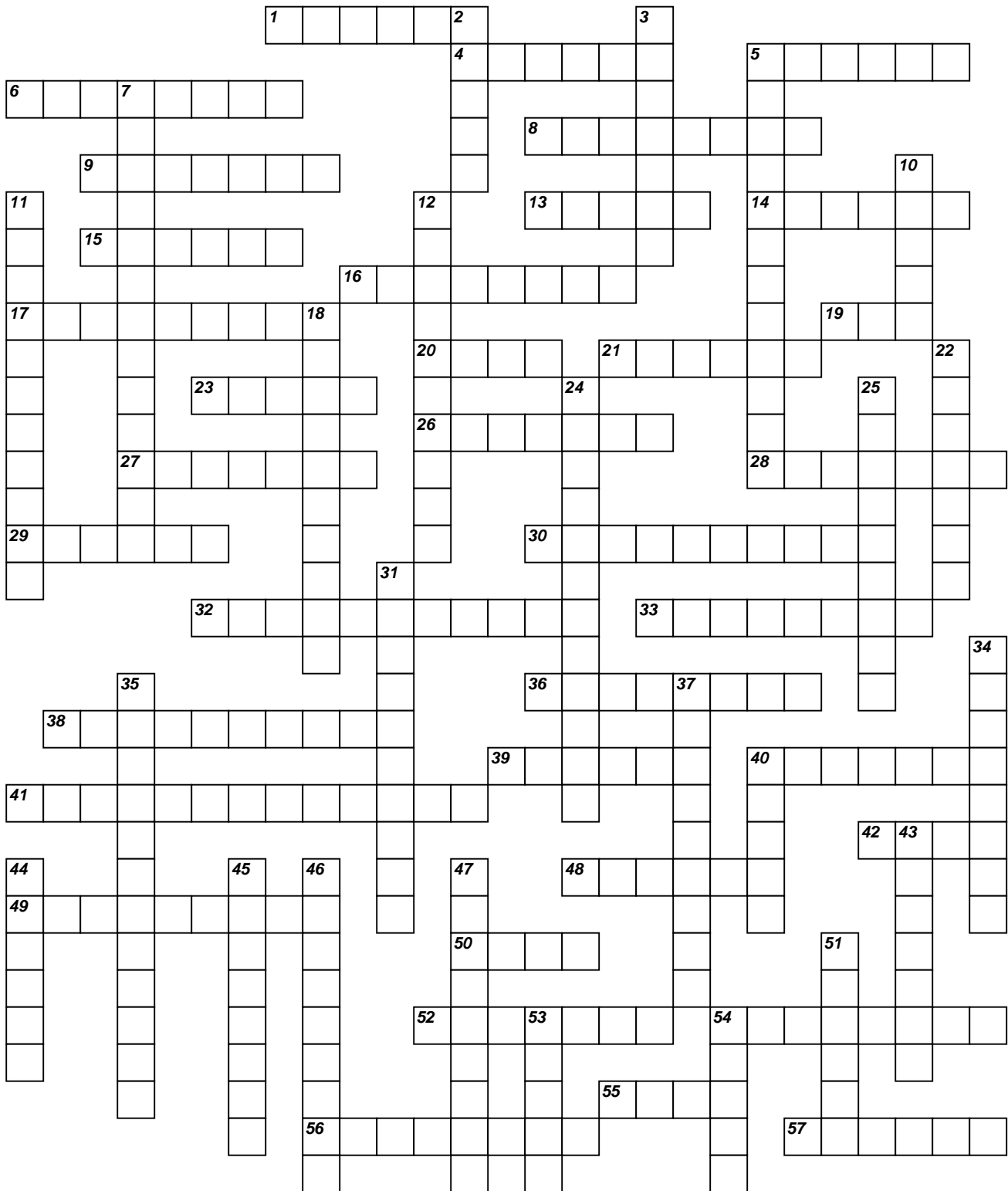
March 23 - March 29 (A)

Solution:



A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (B)



A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (B)

ACROSS

- 1 92% of this party's membership voted to merge with the new Canadian Reform Conservative Alliance.
- 4 Boats from here were catching cod fish outside Canada's 200 mile fishing limit.
- 5 Britain's Parliament closed this port until the town's citizens paid for the tea protesters had destroyed.
- 6 (2 words) Gabriel Dumont seized a store at _____.
- 8 James Cook landed at _____ Cove where he was welcomed by the Nootka.
- 9 This group opposed the implementation of Saskatchewan's Medicare Act.
- 13 The federal government disallowed a BC act that restricted the employment Canadians from this country.
- 14 The main doors at the UN headquarters in New York are made of this Canadian metal.
- 15 The Spanish turned over their post at this sound to Britain.
- 16 She was the first woman to lead a political party to victory in a general election.
- 17 Canada's rocket research centre was located in this community.
- 19 The price of this was raised from \$4.00 a barrel to \$6.50.
- 20 The first of these was chartered in New Brunswick.
- 21 6000 demonstrators demanded that this university be made a French language school.
- 23 He helped negotiate an end to the Aroostook War.
- 26 This court upheld the reversal of Dr. Henry Mergenthaler's acquittal for performing illegal abortions.
- 27 One of these was created to oversee the government of New France.
- 28 Anti-conscription riots in Quebec City would lead to this kind of law being imposed.
- 29 He spearheaded the prohibition movement in New Brunswick.
- 30 This colony sent five delegates to a conference in Charlottetown to discuss Maritime Union.
- 32 (2 words) He was shot in his office at the Globe newspaper.
- 33 The modern name of an English settlement in Maine that was attacked by the French and their Aboriginal allies.
- 36 This famous schooner was launched at Lunenburg, Nova Scotia.
- 38 This segment of Ontario's population was outraged by the execution of Thomas Scott.
- 39 He was the leader of the Conservative Party in Canada's 19th general election.
- 40 (2 words) 84 Royal Marines landed on this island.
- 41 The House of Commons approved this treaty.
- 42 The Quebec government ordered an end to sales of this South African product.
- 48 He and his 90 men marched 484 km from Regina to Fort Carleton in 7 days.
- 49 The Protestant Orange Order demanded that Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a _____ school.
- 50 (4 words) This organization launched its first attack on a sovereign nation since it was created.
- 52 The Union Nationale government of Quebec passed this act which allowed it to confiscate all printed materials which it deemed subversive.
- 54 William Lyon Mackenzie was elected to this office in Toronto's first civic elections.
- 55 The number of days it took General Middleton to reach Winnipeg from eastern Canada.
- 56 The first church of this denomination was established in Halifax.
- 57 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon demanded that this type of reform be part of the Meech Lake Accord.

A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (B)

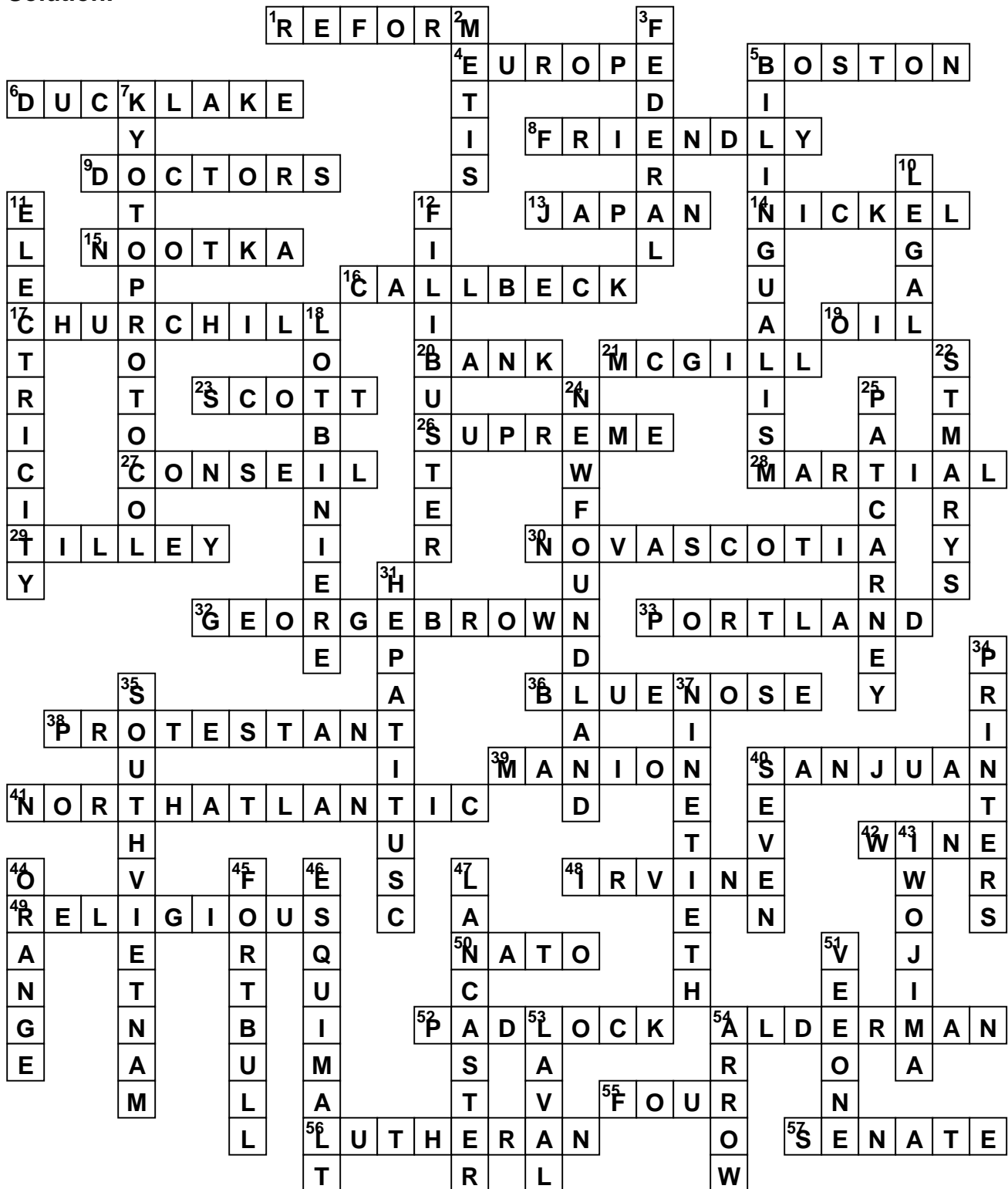
DOWN

- 2 Superintendent Crozier and 100 NWMP and volunteers fought 300 _____ near Duck Lake.
- 3 This government raised its minimum wage to \$2.60 per hour.
- 5 The Quebec branch of the Liberal Party called for the federal government to support _____.
- 7 (2 words) Canada signed this international agreement.
- 10 Canada no longer had any ties of this type to Britain when the constitution was transferred to Canadian control.
- 11 New York cancelled a contract to purchase \$17 billion worth of this.
- 12 The debating tactic used to delay PM Trudeau's plan to patriate the Constitution.
- 18 He was asked to form a government in Quebec even though the previous Conservative government had not been defeated.
- 22 (2 words) This Halifax college received a charter.
- 24 This province's government introduced a balanced budget for 1995-1996.
- 25 (2 words) This federal Minister of Energy started dismantling the 1980 energy program.
- 31 (2 words) Canadians who had contracted this disease from tainted blood received financial compensation.
- 34 These tradesmen went on strike at George Brown's newspaper.
- 35 (2 words) The last US troops left this country.
- 37 This militia battalion left Winnipeg expecting they would fight the Métis.
- 40 The number of days it took the CPR to transport Lt. Col Montizambert's militia force from Montreal to Winnipeg.
- 43 (2 words) 6,800 US combatants died in a six week long battle to take this Japanese held island.
- 44 The Dutch West India Company settled several families at this fort on the Hudson River.
- 45 (2 words) 70 inhabitants of this British New York supply post were killed when it was attacked by the French.
- 46 The federal government paid BC \$750,000 to help pay for a railway between this city and Nanaimo.
- 47 Robert Bylot and William Baffin sailed past an ice-blocked passage Baffin named _____ Sound.
- 51 (2 words) Germany launched the last of these at England.
- 53 He was appointed as the first Bishop of New France.
- 54 This jet fighter was test flown for the first time.

A Week in Canadian History

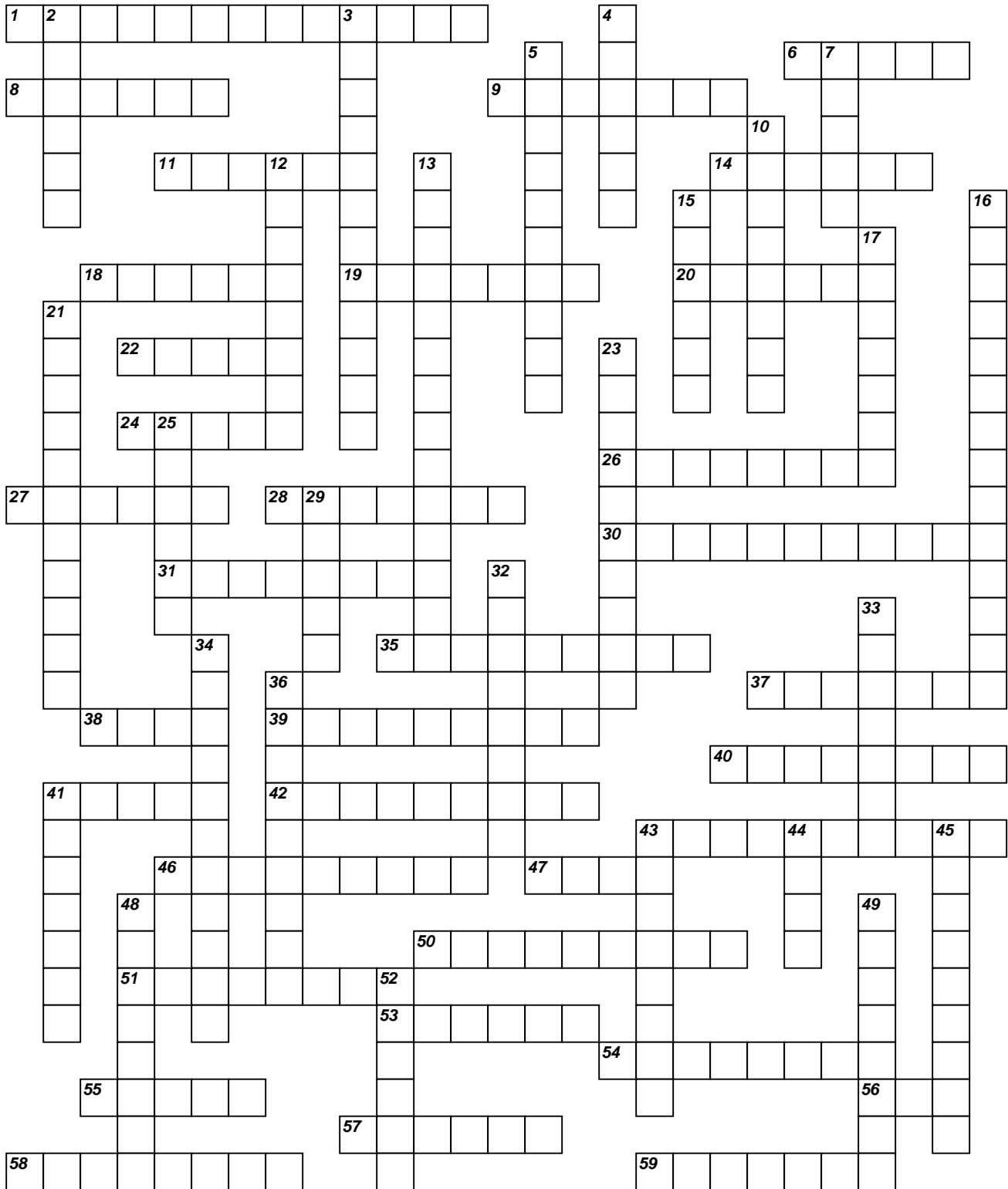
March 23 - March 29 (B)

Solution:



A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (C)



A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (C)

ACROSS

- 1 The House of Commons approved this treaty.
- 6 He was appointed as the first Bishop of New France.
- 8 He was the leader of the Conservative Party in Canada's 19th general election.
- 9 This government raised its minimum wage to \$2.60 per hour.
- 11 (2 words) Germany launched the last two of these ballistic missiles against targets in England.
- 14 They would be called upon to end a violent strike at Winnipeg's Electric Railway.
- 18 The first Canadians to serve with the UN peacekeeping force on this island arrived for duty.
- 19 This group opposed the implementation of Saskatchewan's Medicare Act.
- 20 Manitoba premier Gary Filmon demanded that this type of reform be part of the Meech Lake Accord.
- 22 The federal government disallowed a BC act that restricted the employment Canadians from this country.
- 24 Superintendent Crozier and 100 NWMP and volunteers fought 300 _____ near Duck Lake.
- 26 One of these ruled that the US had no right to seize Canadian sealing vessels in international waters.
- 27 92% of this party's membership voted to merge with the new Canadian Reform Conservative Alliance.
- 28 (2 words) 6,800 US combatants died in a six week long battle to take this Japanese held island.
- 30 (2 words) She was the first MP to give birth while an MP.
- 31 The modern name of an English settlement in Maine that was attacked by the French and their Aboriginal allies.
- 35 (2 words) This federal Minister of Energy started dismantling the 1980 energy program.
- 37 (2 words) This Halifax college received a charter.
- 38 The Quebec government ordered an end to sales of this South African product.
- 39 The Protestant Orange Order demanded that Catholics not be allowed to use public funds for a _____ school.
- 40 This English colony became a sanctuary for English Roman Catholics under the leadership of the second Lord Baltimore.
- 41 He helped negotiate an end to the Aroostook War.
- 42 Canada's rocket research centre was located in this community.
- 43 The debating tactic used to delay PM Trudeau's plan to patriate the Constitution.
- 46 This militia battalion left Winnipeg expecting they would fight the Métis.
- 47 (4 words) This organization launched its first attack on a sovereign nation since it was created.
- 50 Robert Bylot and William Baffin sailed past an ice-blocked passage Baffin named _____ Sound.
- 51 The first church of this denomination was established in Halifax.
- 53 He and his 90 men marched 484 km from Regina to Fort Carleton in 7 days.
- 54 William Lyon Mackenzie was elected to this office in Toronto's first civic elections.
- 55 Canada no longer had any ties of this type to Britain when the constitution was transferred to Canadian control.
- 56 The price of this was raised from \$4.00 a barrel to \$6.50.
- 57 Canadian Pacific Airlines Ltd was created when 10 small northern airlines _____.
- 58 (2 words) Gabriel Dumont seized a store at _____.
- 59 This court upheld the reversal of Dr. Henry Morgenthauer's acquittal for performing illegal abortions.

A Week in Canadian History

March 23 - March 29 (C)

DOWN

- 2 The Dutch West India Company settled several families at this fort on the Hudson River.
- 3 This province's government introduced a balanced budget for 1995-1996.
- 4 (2 words) Germany launched the last of these at England.
- 5 The leader of an English expedition sent to capture Louisbourg.
- 7 This jet fighter was test flown for the first time.
- 10 James Cook landed at _____ Cove where he was welcomed by the Nootka.
- 12 (2 words) Federal Energy Minister Marc Lalonde announced that this type of oil could not be sold at world prices.
- 13 (3 words) Henry Hudson was working for this company when he made a second attempt to reach the Ob River in Russia.
- 15 Britain's Parliament closed this port until the town's citizens paid for the tea protesters had destroyed.
- 16 (3 words) Fisheries workers smashed the federal fisheries offices in this Newfoundland community.
- 17 This government gave 11,000 of its employees a wage increase of 29.25%.
- 21 (2 words) He was shot in his office at the Globe newspaper.
- 23 This segment of Ontario's population was outraged by the execution of Thomas Scott.
- 25 Boats from here were catching cod fish outside Canada's 200 mile fishing limit.
- 29 This Quebec City monument was vandalized.
- 32 This queen signed the BNA Act into law.
- 33 Sieur de Poutrincourt signed over the title of all his lands in the New World to his son _____.
- 34 New York cancelled a contract to purchase \$17 billion worth of this.
- 36 This Sub-Inspector selected a site for a NWMP post at Battleford, NWT.
- 41 (2 words) 84 Royal Marines landed on this island.
- 43 (2 words) 70 inhabitants of this British New York supply post were killed when it was attacked by the French.
- 44 The first of these was chartered in New Brunswick.
- 45 The federal government paid BC \$750,000 to help pay for a railway between this city and Nanaimo.
- 48 She was the first woman to lead a political party to victory in a general election.
- 49 This famous schooner was launched at Lunenburg, Nova Scotia.
- 52 The main doors at the UN headquarters in New York are made of this Canadian metal.

