

Crossword Puzzles
for
Horizons: Canada Moves West

Notes to Teacher

This package of crossword puzzles contains the following components:

1. Three to six crosswords for each chapter of **Horizons: Canada Moves West** - a total of 37 crossword puzzles.
2. Answer keys for each puzzle.

Clues for multi-word puzzle answers are preceded by a notation that the answer consists of more than one word. For instance: “(3 words)” at the start of a clue indicates that the answer will be three words or initials. *CanadianPacificRailway* is treated as three words as is *CPR*. Similarly, *JohnAMacdonald* is treated as three words and so is *JAM*. All provinces are treated as a single word (e.g. *BritishColumbia* is one word as is *BC*).

The crossword puzzles in this collection were designed to help motivate and focus your students as they read passages in **Horizons: Canada Moves West**. The puzzles provide a review of the text’s key vocabulary and content. The puzzles are essentially self checking – if the student’s answer fits, it is generally correct. When I mark the puzzles I usually scan them for completion and spot check some of the answers for clues that have given students trouble.

I have found that many students who claim to dislike social studies will often enjoy completing social studies-based crossword puzzles. Students who “do little work” in class will often spend time processing their textbook seeking the answers to the puzzles. Almost in spite of themselves they start to see patterns in the information presented by the puzzles and the text. In many cases, even reluctant students will start to absorb information and begin to be interested in “finding out more” about our country’s history and geography! I believe that you will find the collection of ***Crossword Puzzles for Horizons: Canada Moves West*** to be an entertaining and motivating way to boost your students’ learning.

Sincerely,
David John

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Resources Consulted

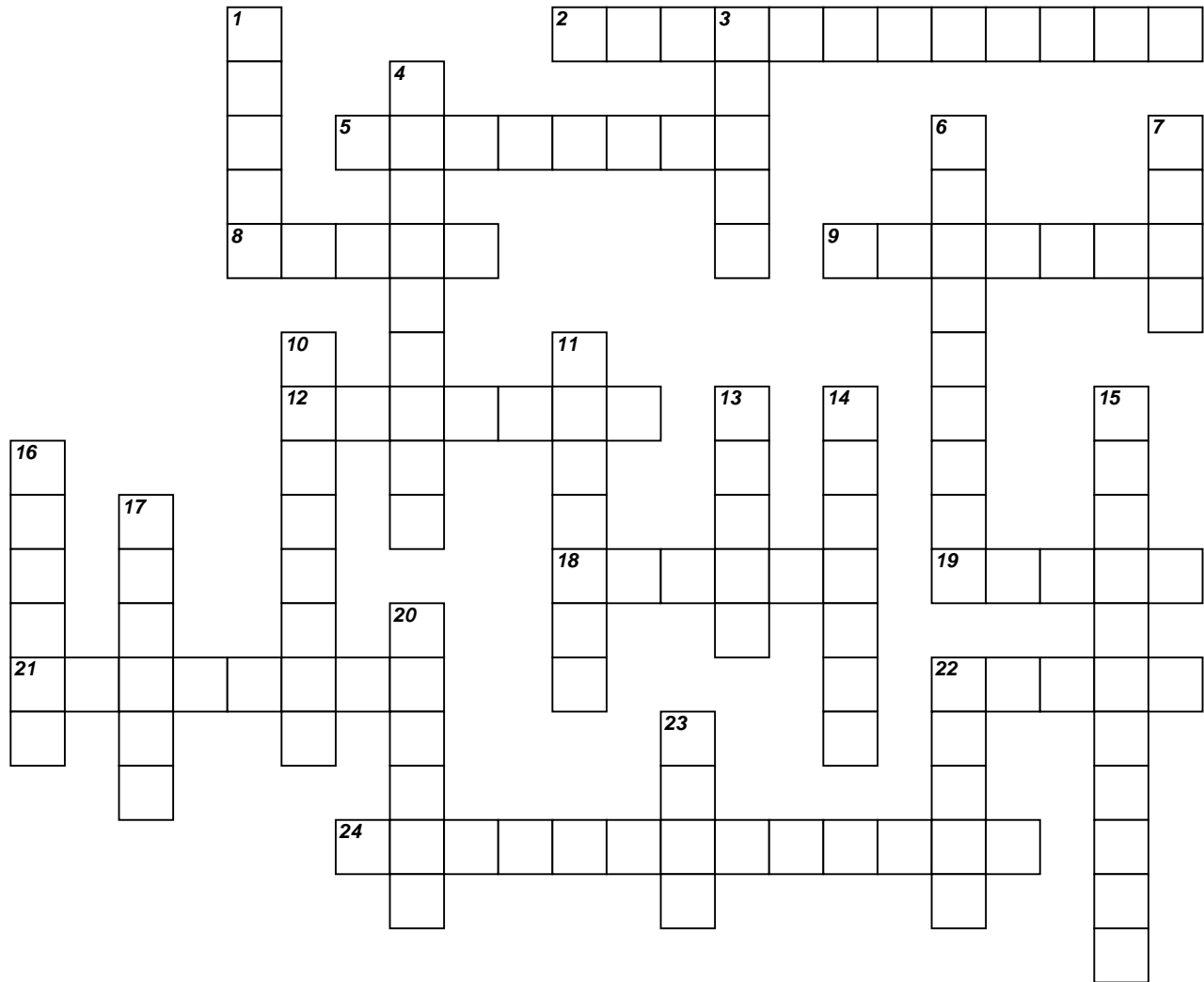
Cranny, Michael, G. Jarvis, G. Moles & B. Seney, Horizons: Canada Moves West, Prentice-Hall Ginn Canada, Scarborough, Ontario, 1999.

List of Crossword Puzzles For Horizons: Canada Moves West

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Chapter 1 - p. 3-13



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ACROSS

- 2 (2 words) This trade made such things as collars, straps and other equipment used to attach animals to the wagons they pulled.
- 5 The term given to Americans who supported the British during the American Revolution.
- 8 The part of colonial Canada that made up what is now southern Quebec.
- 9 The name of the tradesman that cures leather.
- 12 The name of a prehistoric lake that was located between Regina and Winnipeg.
- 18 The Canadian _____ covers much of Canada between Manitoba and Quebec.
- 19 The artists that made up the Group of _____ painted landscapes in the geographic region called the Canadian Shield.
- 21 A term that means a way of speaking.
- 22 An expression related to accepting religion as the inspiration for how one leads their life.
- 24 The removal of shrubs and undergrowth after trees are removed from a piece of land.

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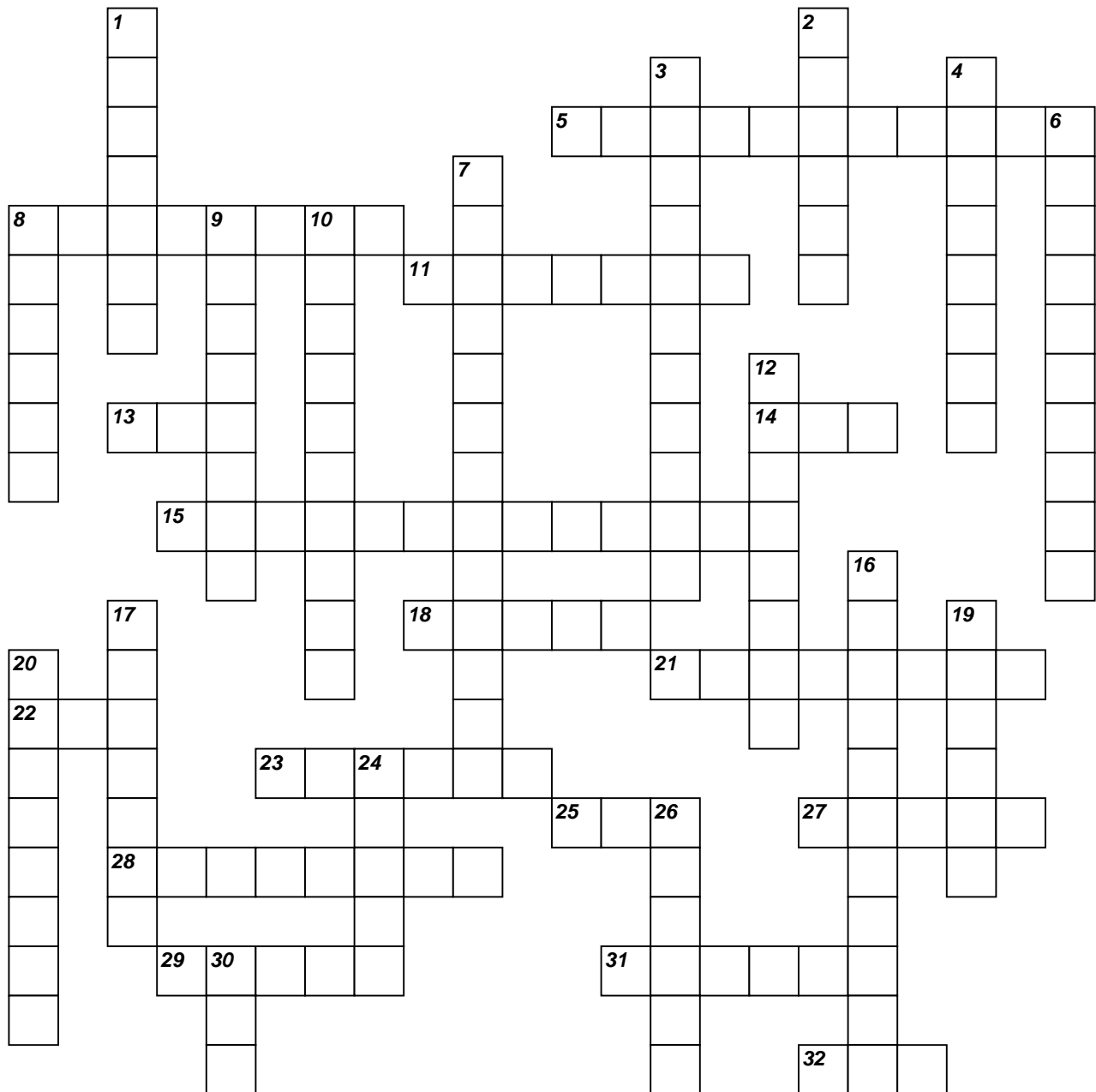
Chapter 1 - p. 3-13

DOWN

- 1 A tool used to separate the kernels of wheat from the plants' stalks.
- 3 A groove cut into a tree to guide the direction in which it will fall when cut down.
- 4 An ancestor.
- 6 Lower Canada and the _____ region of British North America prospered after the War of 1812 because of trade with Britain and New England.
- 7 The cleaning of fibers such as wool prior to spinning it into yarn.
- 10 (2 words) The end of the rope that was used to flog prisoners.
- 11 This Ontario city is farther south than the French Riviera.
- 13 The part of colonial Canada that made up what is now southern Ontario.
- 14 A tradesman who made saddles for horses.
- 15 (2 words) The population of this colony grew after the War of 1812.
- 16 Immigrants from the United States and _____ moved to Upper Canada to take advantage of cheap land.
- 17 To break up soil in preparation for planting a crop.
- 20 Canada is the _____ largest nation in the world.
- 22 This treaty ended the War of 1812.
- 23 The source of tannin which is used in making leather.

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Chapter 1 - p. 14-22



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ACROSS

- 5 These investors bought up large tracts of land in Upper Canada in the hope that they could sell it for a large profit.
- 8 The term given prominent physical features in an area.
- 11 Fur traders, Native people and the Metis discouraged the presence of _____ in the western lands.
- 13 The main product of the lands north and west of the Great Lakes was _____ in colonial

times.

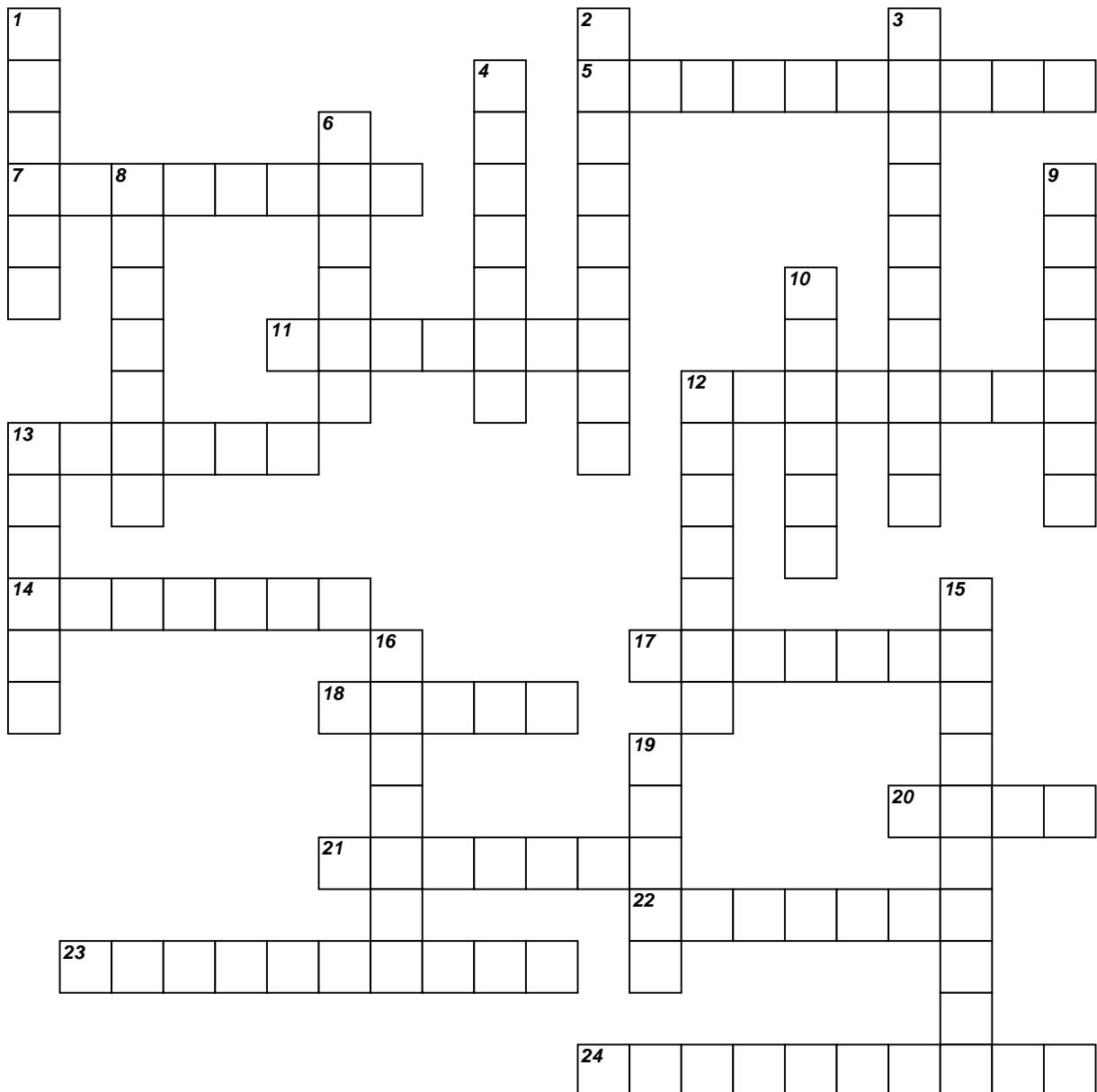
- 14 One of the types of trees in Lower Canada in colonial times.
- 15 (2 words) The term used to identify "privileged" members of the upper class in Upper Canada.
- 18 The percentage of land in Upper Canada owned by speculators in 1815.
- 21 Two-thirds of the land in Upper Canada was set aside for the use of the government and the _____ Church.
- 22 (3 words) This fur trading company competed with the North West Company for control of the fur trade.
- 23 This and fish were two of Newfoundland's important products in colonial times.
- 25 (3 words) It was the Hudson's Bay Company's main competitor until the two merged in 1821.
- 27 A _____ economy uses cash as the basis for exchanging goods or services.
- 28 An idealized picture of a society that ignores the "bad" and emphasizes the "good" is _____.
- 29 One of the important products manufactured in the Maritimes.
- 31 The _____ Company purchased a million hectares of land in Upper Canada from the government for 295,000 pounds.
- 32 The type of soap that is made in part from liquid leached from wood ashes.

DOWN

- 1 The percentage of trade that was carried out in the early 1800s using bartering as the means for exchanging goods and services.
- 2 Between 1810 and 1830 he helped settle 30,000 people on lands he had acquired in the London and Chatham regions of Upper Canada.
- 3 Colonel Thomas Talbot who controlled land around London and Chatham in Upper Canada preferred settlers who were _____ and showed respect for authority.
- 4 The French were the first to challenge the Hudson Bay Company's _____ on the fur trade around Hudson's Bay.
- 6 Members of the Family Compact and the Chateau Clique used their wealth and influence to invest in these.
- 7 (2 words) The term used to identify "privileged" members of the upper class in Lower Canada.
- 8 Supplies of cheap _____ were scarce in Upper Canada in the early 1800s.
- 9 Scottish and American entrepreneurs were attracted to this Lower Canadian city.
- 10 Many immigrants to Canada supported a democratic form of government without a monarch as the head of state.
- 12 Merchants often loaned farmers money using their next crop as security. Such a loan was called a _____.
- 16 British policy regarding land tenure encouraged ownership of large tracts of land by a local, pro-British _____.
- 17 Pioneers were able to clear one _____ of land in a year if they worked very hard.
- 19 A _____ economy exchanges goods or services without using cash.
- 20 The term used to identify the type of map that shows features such as mountains and lakes.
- 24 These descendents of French fur traders and Native people were very active in the fur trade in the area north and west of the Great Lakes.
- 26 Members of the Family Compact and the Chateau Clique used their wealth and influence to promote their investments in these transportation projects.
- 30 (3 words) It was the largest fur trading company in colonial times.

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Chapter 1 - p. 23-32



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ACROSS

- 5** By 1831 45% of Quebec City's population was _____ or English-speaking.
- 7** The term used in the 1800s to describe an unmarried woman.
- 11** Black Canadians were enrolled in these voluntary military units in 1837.
- 12** The below deck spaces occupied by poor immigrants when they sailed from Europe to Canada.

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Chapter 1 - p. 23-32

- 13 This class of farmers emigrated from Ireland and Scotland in search of a chance to own their own land.
- 14 Early Canadian society expected that woman would be _____.
- 17 A black newspaper called the "Provincial _____" was founded in Windsor.
- 18 Even upper-class women on pioneer farms had to be involved in the running of their husbands' _____ as well as their homes.
- 20 The text or _____ in pamphlets that advertised land in Canada presented an optimistic picture of life in Canada.
- 21 (2 words) This black interpreter worked with Samuel de Champlain in New France.
- 22 One of the diseases that killed immigrants on their voyage from Britain to Canada.
- 23 The term given to many of the vessels that carried immigrants to Canada.
- 24 The cargo empty lumber ships carried on their return trips from Europe.

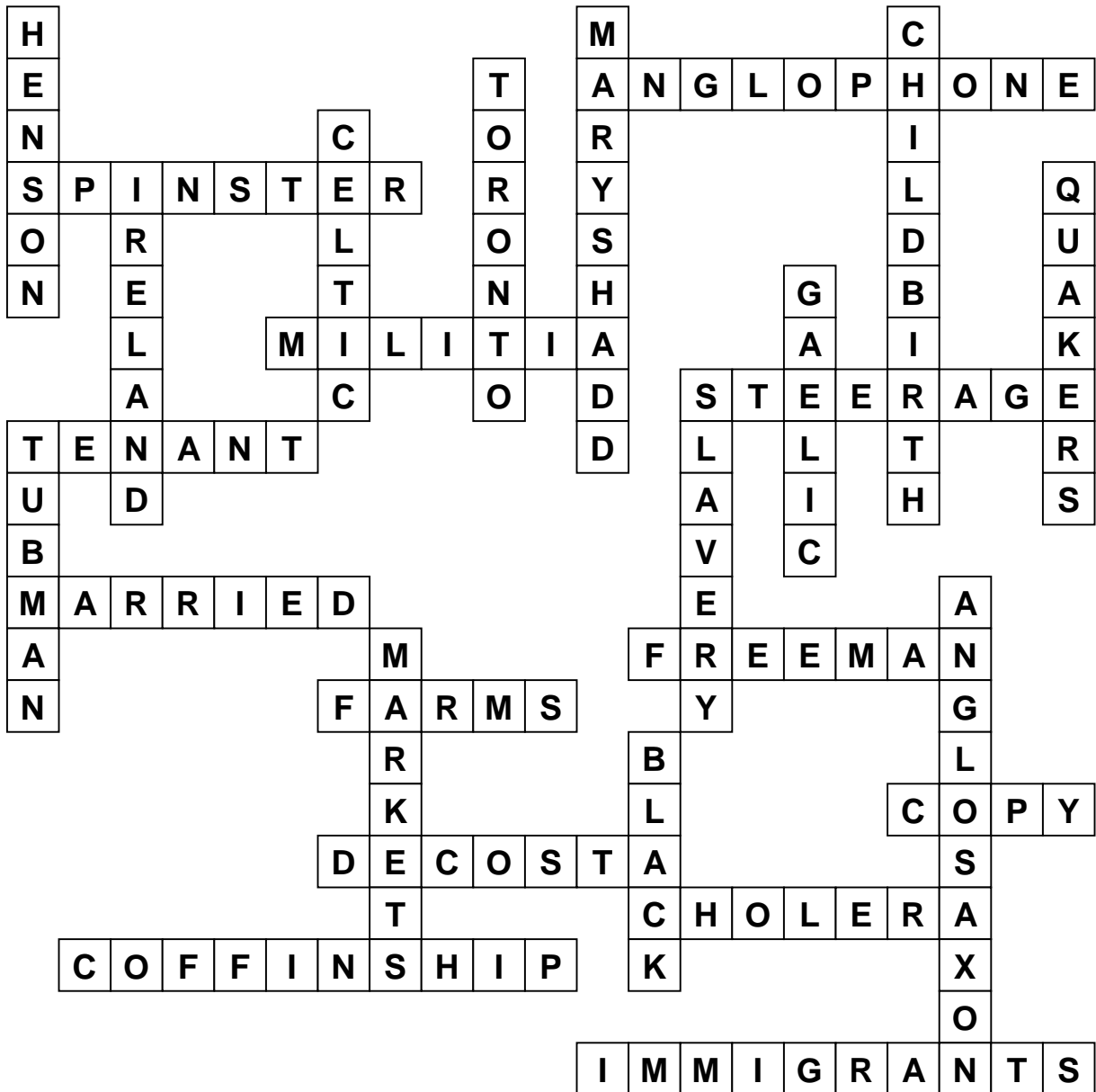
DOWN

- 1 A member of Upper Canada's Black Militia, he would become a church minister and establish a technical school.
- 2 (2 words) This black Canadian was the first women editor of a Canadian newspaper.
- 3 It was one of the hazards faced by all women in pioneer Canada.
- 4 The site of the 1851 North American Convention of Coloured Freemen.
- 6 The music of Scottish and Irish immigrants to Canada came from this cultural tradition.
- 8 Many immigrants to Canada came from _____.
- 9 Members of this religious group helped runaway American slaves find refuge in Canada.
- 10 Many immigrants from Scotland and Ireland spoke this language when they came to Canada.
- 12 The British Empire abolished this in 1833.
- 13 Harriet _____ helped thousands of runaway slaves find refuge in Canada.
- 15 Many Canadians of this heritage believed they were destined to civilize the world.
- 16 Advertising posters in Britain attracted potential settlers to Upper Canada with reports of cheap land located close to towns and _____.
- 19 Many of the Loyalists who fled to Canada after the American Revolution were _____.

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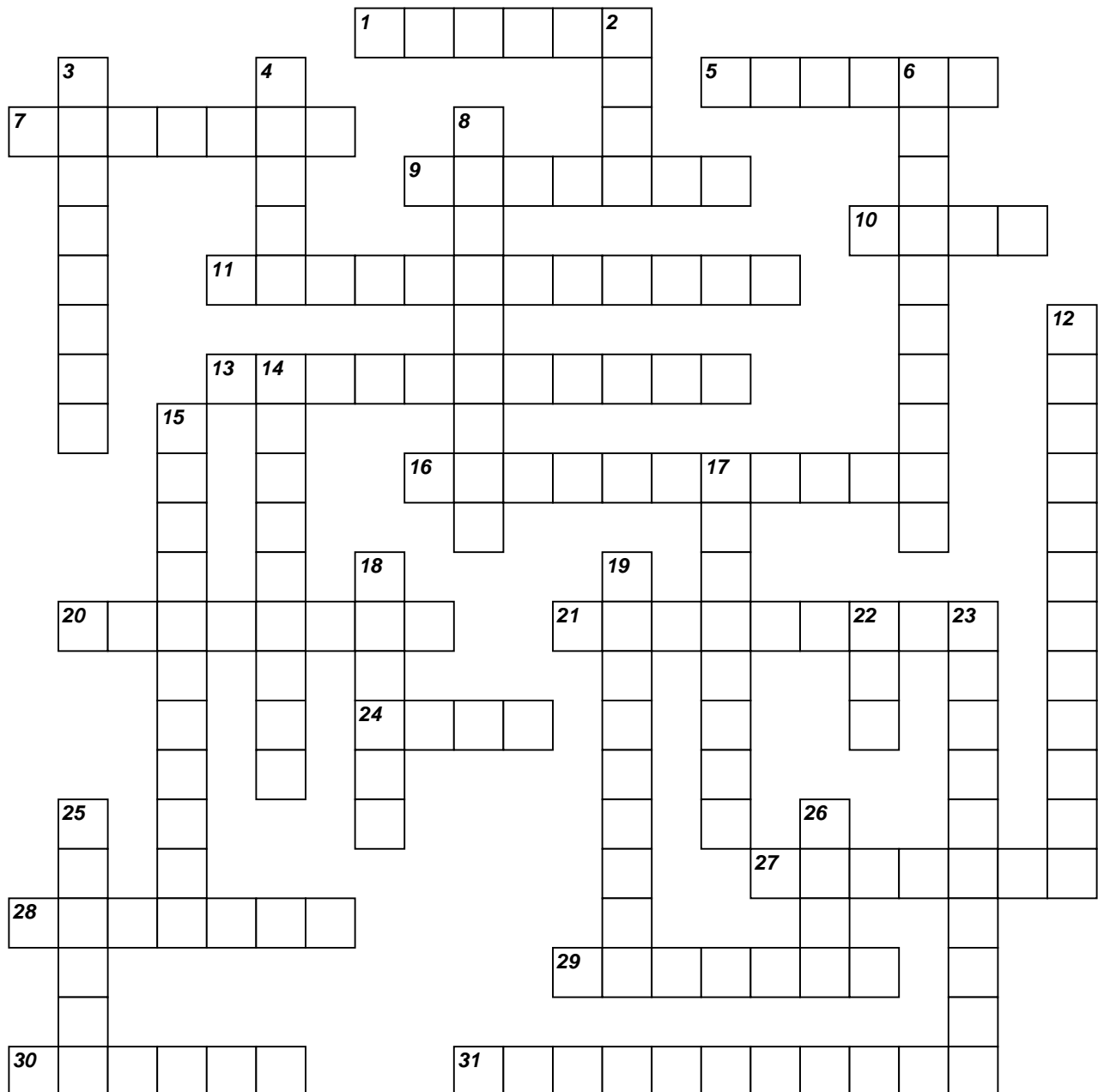
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Solution:



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ACROSS

- 1 The majority of people in Lower Canada in the 1830s spoke this language.
- 5 Colonel Alan _____ led the loyal troops that defeated Mackenzie's rebels at Montgomery's Tavern.
- 7 One of the punishments received by some of the leaders of the Rebellions of 1837.
- 9 Many French speaking people in Lower Canada believed the British government was trying to make them a minority in the colony when it tried to settle Irish immigrants in these

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townships.

- 10 Mackenzie launched his rebellion after this governor sent his soldiers to fight the Patriote rebels in Lower Canada.
- 11 A rebellion against the government is called _____.
- 13 WL Mackenzie and his fellow rebels were defeated in a battle at this tavern.
- 16 William Lyon Mackenzie was first elected to Upper Canada's _____ Assembly in 1828.
- 20 It became the new capital after Upper and Lower Canada were united in 1841.
- 21 British forces defeated these rebels at the Battle of St. Charles in Lower Canada.
- 24 The right of the governors of Canadian colonies to over-rule laws passed in the colonial legislatures is often called a _____.
- 27 Known as Lord Durham, he arrived in Quebec to take up his duties as Governor-in-Chief of the Canadas after the rebellions of 1837.
- 28 Most members of the oligarchy that controlled the government in Lower Canada spoke this language.
- 29 Some rebels were transported to this island as punishment for their roles in the 1837 Rebellions.
- 30 Politicians were able to influence how some people voted in Upper Canada because the act of voting was not _____.
- 31 Lord Durham's report recommended that the colonies of Upper and Lower Canada be given _____ government.

DOWN

- 2 The leader of the reform movement in Nova Scotia.
- 3 One of the authors of the Ninety-two Resolutions that demanded more powers for Lower Canada's Assembly.
- 4 This act did not grant responsible government to the colonies of Upper and Lower Canada.
- 6 The colonial governors and their appointed councils could veto any laws passed by the elected _____.
- 8 The name given those Lower Canadians who rebelled against the government in 1837.
- 12 Lord Durham hoped that his recommendations would lead to the _____ of the French.
- 14 The government of the colonies in British North America was controlled by small groups of rich and influential men. Such a government can be described as an _____.
- 15 The system in Lower Canada that gave certain individuals and their families control of most of the colony's land.
- 17 Mackenzie's desire for this style of government did not encourage British settlers in Upper Canada to join his rebellion.
- 18 The sheriff who managed to stop Mackenzie's attack on York.
- 19 He operated the Colonial Advocate newspaper.
- 22 French speaking farmers in Lower Canada resented these increases for their land.
- 23 (2 words) The site of a major defeat for the Patriotes in their rebellion against the government of Lower Canada.
- 25 The Act of Union joined Upper and Lower Canada into a _____ colony.
- 26 Robert Gourlay protested the _____ policies of the government of Upper Canada.

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Solution:

1 F R E N C H 2 H O W

3 P I N G 4 U N G 5 M A C N A B 6 A B S

7 H A N G I N G 8 P A S T 9 E A S T E R N 10 H E A D

11 I N S U R R E C T I O N 12 A S S I M I L A T I O N

13 M O N T G O M E R Y S 14 M O N T G O M E R Y S 15 S I N G L E S

16 L E G I S L A T I V E 17 M E N T A L S 18 J U R Y

19 P A T R I O T 20 M O N T R E A L 21 P A T R I O T 22 T E X A S 23 S O U T H E R N

24 V E T O 25 S I N G L E S 26 L A M B T O N 27 L A M B T O N

28 E N G L I S H 29 B E R M U D A 30 S E C R E T 31 R E S P O N S I B L E